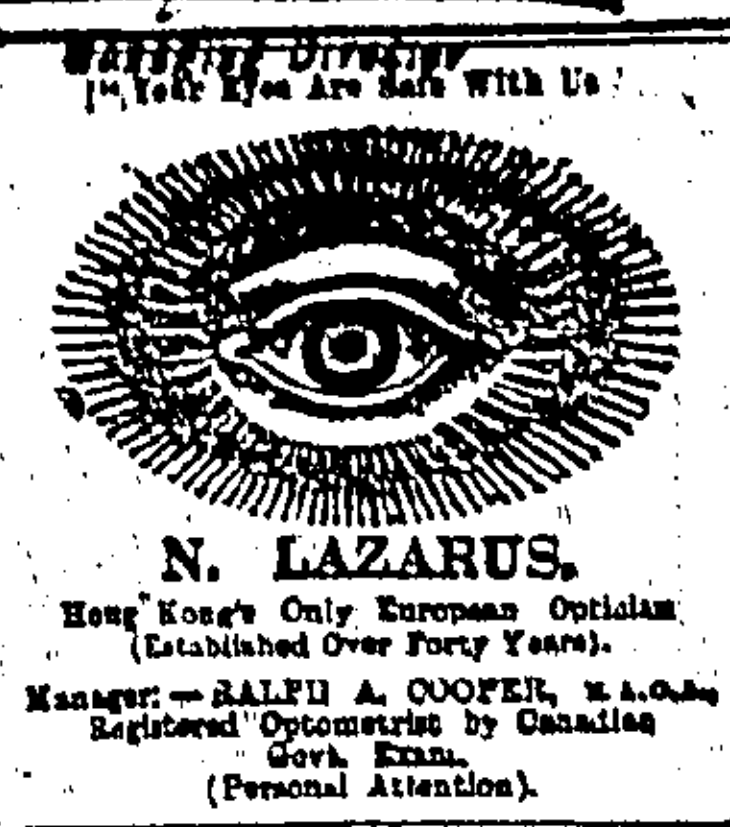


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HONG KONG, MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1929.

壹拜禮 日肆廿月陸年九廿百九仟壹英

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KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after April 8th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous Time Tables cancelled).

UP TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	8.05	8.30	9.15	10.00	10.10	11.15	2.31	3.50	4.30	7.35
Yanmat Dep.	6.49	8.14	8.39	9.24	10.09	10.19	11.24	2.40	4.00	4.40	7.45
Shatin Dep.	7.01	8.26	8.51	9.36	10.21	10.31	11.36	2.52	4.12	4.52	7.57
Taipei Dep.	7.13	8.38	9.03	9.48	10.33	10.43	11.48	3.04	4.24	5.04	8.09
Market Dep.	7.20	8.45	9.10	9.55	10.40	10.50	11.55	3.12	4.32	5.12	8.17
Fanning Dep.	7.30	8.55	9.20	10.05	10.50	11.00	12.05	3.22	4.42	5.22	8.27
Shau Dep.	7.35	9.00	9.25	10.10	10.55	11.05	12.10	3.28	4.48	5.28	8.33
Sham Dep.	7.41	9.06	9.31	10.16	11.01	11.11	12.16	3.34	4.54	5.34	8.39
Canton Arr.	12.05	1.30	1.55	2.40	3.25	3.35	4.40	5.59	6.38	6.58	8.59

DOWN TRAINS											
STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.
Canton Dep.	8.10	9.35	10.00	10.45	11.30	12.15	1.00	1.45	2.30	3.15	4.00
Sham Dep.	8.17	9.42	10.07	10.52	11.37	12.22	1.07	1.52	2.37	3.22	4.07
Shau Dep.	8.25	9.50	10.15	11.00	11.45	12.30	1.15	2.00	2.45	3.30	4.15
Fanning Dep.	8.30	9.55	10.20	11.05	11.50	12.35	1.20	2.05	2.50	3.35	4.20
Market Dep.	8.35	10.00	10.25	11.10	11.55	12.40	1.25	2.10	2.55	3.40	4.25
Taipei Dep.	8.40	10.05	10.30	11.15	12.00	12.45	1.30	2.15	3.00	3.45	4.30
Shatin Dep.	8.49	10.14	10.39	11.24	12.09	12.54	1.39	2.24	3.09	3.54	4.39
Yanmat Dep.	8.59	10.24	10.49	11.34	12.19	13.04	1.49	2.34	3.19	4.04	4.49
Kowloon Arr.	12.05	1.30	1.55	2.40	3.25	3.35	4.40	5.59	6.38	6.58	8.59

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MECHANICAL INTERPRETATIONS OF LIFE'S PHENOMENA.

STEADY ADVANCE OF PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCH.

THE INTIMATE NATURE OF MATTER.

For some years there has been a tendency, not only in Britain, to depreciate mechanical interpretations of the phenomena of life and to exalt a dualistic conception, in which it is supposed that entities such as life and mind happen to use what we know as matter for their purposes, but might possibly use some other vehicle, or, indeed, exist without a vehicle.

In its more extreme forms this dualism becomes nearly an inversion of the monism of last century, and supposes matter to be merely an aspect or presentation of life-mind. In "War and Peace" Tolstoy describes the prevalence, during the Napoleonic Wars, of a similar bias in Russia, where, however, it appeared in cruder forms.

Physical Theories.

The contemporary tendency has found its opportunity, if not its cause, in the physical discoveries of the intimate nature of matter and the expansion of physical theory which would seem to resolve the material world into mathematical formulae. It might have been supposed that this transformation of the conception of matter from being a set of inert, unrelated counters to being a system of systems in movement would have made it easier to guess at life as being one of the outcrops of material change.

But, in fact, this has not happened. It is more fashionable to think the other way round and to suggest that matter itself is organism.

None the less, the more notable advances in physiology and the steady drift of physiological research appear to be towards referring more and more vital phenomena to what last century would have been accepted definitely as mechanical. Many processes of the body are concerned with chemical reactions, but it was gradually found that there were differences between the changes and exchanges of gases and solutions that could be induced in the laboratory, and those that actually took place in the living body.

Colloid Chemistry.

The difference used to be attributed to vital action. But advances in colloid chemistry and the very large body of recent knowledge regarding surface action have displaced the hypothesis of vitalism, and have shown that many phenomena, which could not be explained by chemistry alone, find an easy but equally material explanation in a combination of chemistry and physics.

Sir Charles Sherrington's long and brilliant work on brain and nerves has led to a constant increase in the discovery of functions that are due to mechanism, and has insisted on the structural parallelism of those parts of the brain to which mental function can be assigned with those parts of the nervous system which are outside mind and consciousness.

The trend has been, not to the discovery of new vital faculties which cannot yet be explained by mechanism, but to a reduction of those which cannot be so explained.

Conduction of Nervous Impulses.

The conception that intelligent minds can communicate in some other way than by messages from the brain by the nerves to the organs which produce visible sights or sounds on the one hand, to be picked up by the eyes and ears of the recipient and sent from them by nerves to his brain, has been easier to hold because of ignorance of what actually takes place when a nerve conducts a message.

In two recent discourses, delivered at the Royal Institution and subsequently summarized in *Nature*, Professor E. D. Adrian has described recent advances in knowledge tending to show that the conduction of nervous impulses is a definite physical phenomenon parallel with other physical phenomena, depending on a definite mechanism.

Professor Adrian, it is true, is careful to lay a peace-offering before the altar of vitalism, for he says that emotions and thoughts are "in a category outside the range of mechanical explanation," and for that reason "will never be fully explainable in terms of physics and chemistry." But the apparatus by which the messages travel and the

character of the impulses which convey the messages are now being studied and are clearly of a mechanical type.

Iron Wire in Acid.

A very close model of the nerve fibres along which messages travel is found in an iron wire immersed in strong nitric acid, its surface thus becoming coated with a layer of "passive" iron which prevents the acid from acting any further. If the film of passive iron is destroyed at any point, the difference of potential between the active and passive iron produces an electric current which has the effect of destroying the passive iron in the next section of the wire, and at the same time of restoring it where it was first destroyed.

The area of surface change spreads down the wire accompanied by an electric change which is a close copy of the action current in a nerve. When the impulse passes down the nerve fibre, there appears to be a definite series of changes following one another with mechanical regularity, changes which can be made to repeat again and again, yielding similar measurements, whenever there are instruments sensitive enough to record them.

By the use of the triode valve amplifier the smallest possible electric changes can not only be detected but even demonstrated on a loud speaker. In the case of sensory impulses, the stimulus can be arranged so as to affect only a single endorgan and, therefore, a single nerve fibre. The impulses are shown to have a frequency varying from five to 150 a second, and there is already some reason to suppose that the impulses from different sense organs are not exactly alike.

Each impulse is a distinct change with definite time relations; there is no continuous activity, but between each impulse there must be a time for recovery, just as a gun has to be re-loaded before it can be fired again.

Within the body, at least, brain messages go, or fire travel, only by a definite mechanism, comparable in every way with phenomena recognized as purely physico-chemical.

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Diary of Coming Events.

To-day. (June 24.)		
St. John, the Baptist. Mid-Summer Day.	World Theatre: "Battles of Verdun."	Thursday. (June 27.)
Sale of Crown Land: New Kowloon Inland Lots Nos. 1246 and 1247, P.W.D. Office, 3 p.m.	Star Theatre: "Beauty Shop-pers."	Legislative Council Meeting, 2.30 p.m.
Kowloon Golf Club, general meeting, Y.M.C.A., 6.15 p.m.	Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.	Games Evening, Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, 9 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Spite Marriage."	Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.	Queen's Theatre: "Lady of the Pavements."
World Theatre: "The Battle of Verdun."	European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Victoria, B.C., and via Siberia (Pres. Madison), 9.30 a.m.; Europe via Marseilles (Perseus), 1 p.m.	World Theatre: "The Garden of Eden."
Star Theatre: "Baby Mine."	Wednesday. (June 26.)	Star Theatre: "Resurrection."
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.	Tennis:—Mixed Doubles: Ladies' R.C. v. Craigower, Chinese R.C. v. Kowloon C.C., Kowloon Bowling Green v. Recreation.	Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.	Queen's Theatre: "Lady of the Pavements."	Dinner Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel, and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Siberia (Fushimi Maru), 10.30 a.m.	World Theatre: "The Garden of Eden."	European Mails:—Inward: London via Straits, parcels (Patrol-clus).
Tuesday. (June 25.)	Star Theatre: "Beauty Shop-pers."	Friday. (June 28.)
H.K. Stock Exchange Settlement Day.	Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.	Christian Fellowship Meeting, Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.
Sanitary Board Meeting, 4.15 p.m.	Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.	H.K. Football Association Meeting, French Bank Building, 5.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Spite Marriage."	European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Vancouver and Siberia (Empress of Russia), 10 a.m.	Queen's Theatre: "Lady of the Pavements."
		World Theatre: "The Missing Link."
		Star Theatre: "Resurrection."
		Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
		Dinner Dances: Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

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UNCLAIMED CORRESPONDENCE, ETC., AT THE G.P.O.

THE OFFICIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

A General Post Office notification, issued on Saturday, gives the following particulars with regard to unclaimed correspondence, etc., waiting at the Post Office, and also unclaimed radio telegrams at the Radio Telegraph Office:—

Postal Assistance Correspondence.

Mr. Arcand (a.s. Caellabban), W. Bray, C. W. T. Barker, T. S. Brown, Mrs. G. Bonavia, Mrs. A. C. Ball, M. G. Brash, R. Couch, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Cuth, H. A. G. Clark, R. Darnell, Mrs. L. R. Frazier, R. W. Fitzwilliam, Lady Gibson-Craig, Gregg & Co., J. L. George, S. P. Gray, Rev. C. Guergis, R. Hichens, Col. W. S. Hooper, Capt. D. S. Harvey, N. Jacobson, Capt. Day Kearney (a.s. Gogovale), F. Kienzie, C. C. Keyton (c/o Mansfield & Co.), M. S. Kapur, J. Louis, Miss M. E. Ledbetter, J. L. Matton, Moran, L. N. Murphy, H. N. Nutt (Edward Rosen & Co.), D. J. O'Brien, R. S. Pigott, Mrs. C. D. Porrell, Solomon Raymond, B. Riley, C. Ritter, E. Ravera, E. G. Speakman, A. W. Sanderson, S. W. Smith, James Tuley, Wong Pong Swee, Mrs. H. Wilks, H. B. Williams, W. B. Whishaw, B. Zipper.

Registered Articles.

A. Hitchcock, H. J. Huang, Manrodelia Rosa, R. M. Yings.

Unpaid Correspondence.

J. T. Brainerd, R. Blau (c/o H.K. Hotel), Boris Bogoroditsky, S. S. Bluidis, G. T. Dreifuss, M. Flattery, Engineer, Grobovski, Lady Gibson-Craig (supplies), A. R. Haven Co. (Radio Supply), A. R. Johnson (H.K. Hotel), Miss N. Journeval, Ino. Kadoke, M. March-Marchade, Mlle. A. May, Louis Munox, General Wu Chung Dok, B. Zipper.

UNCLAIMED RADIO TELEGRAMS.

Address.	From.
6932, 2704, Empress	Canton.
Hotel, Room 38	Medan.
Money	Weltevreden.
Merk Vhiutung	Hoihow.
Yuen Cheong	Changchow.
Yuen Cheong	Hoihow.
Walmaler	Tacoma Maru.
1707	Taihouku.
Money	Taihouku.
Money	Batavia.
Hotel Djinnoo	Taihouku.
Chemballis	Wuchow.
3304	Wuchow.
3307, 3307, 3304, 3309.	
4141	Sun Cheong.
0490	Vancouver, B.C.
Way Sang Yuen, 307,	Calerico Calif.
Des Voeux Road	Haiphong.
6894	Haiphong.
Koong Woo	Taihouku.
Way Sang Yuen	Taihouku.
Man Yick	Taihouku.
Darby, c/o Occidental	Tanda.
5384	Wuchow.
0006, 3188, 2630, 5490, 6892,	
5551, 3769	Wuchow.
1311, 0160, 0005, 2508, 0005,	Hoihow.
0001, 7559, 7105, 5584	Taihouku.
Ivoorplaat	Cholon.
4131, 0005, 1190, 7022, 4090,	
1638	Hoihow.
Chun Shun Chong	Pontianak.
Hip Yuen Shun	Keelung.
Lod Toncity	Samarang.
Urgent 0622	Chungking.
283	Wuchow.
3200	Manila.
Urgent 0490	Chungking.
Nit Yuen Fat Chong,	
90, Connaught Road	Vancouver, B.C.
West	Manila.
Ynallis	Canton.
Urgent 0008	Canton.
Tsoi 29, 3rd Floor, First	Hoihow.
Street, Saiyingsun	Cholon.
4102, 2975, 2748, 0003, 2369,	
3037, 2490, 6355	Domban.
7039, 0813, 0451, Xing, 0712,	
0639, 8180, 7022, 0074, 3541,	
4348, 7183, 6567	Pingnan.
Cheu Tai Cheong	Seattle Wn.
1707	Taihouku.
Hongontai	Manila.
Money	Taihouku.
Liangpaukwie	Batavia.
Yeeyick	Macao.
Tongzeng	Cholon.
0364	Cholon.
Napery	Cholon.
Clividy	Keelung.
Che Brothers	Haiphong.
Maggie	Takao.
Davaley	Aneaa.
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Bay	Manila.
6363	Canton.
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"CHINA'S SORROW."

TO BE CHANGED TO "CHINA'S BLESSING."

INSURANCE AGAINST FUTURE FAMINE.

Peking.—A contract for a M.8600,000 irrigation project in the famine-stricken areas of Suiyuan Province has just been signed by the China International Famine Relief Commission and the provincial authorities. The project will assist in the stupendous task of converting "China's Sorrow," the Yellow River, into "China's Blessing."

The first batch of five engineers with 12 assistants left the Peking headquarters of the C.I.F.R.C. on June 13 for the Peking-Suiyuan Railway for Saratzi, Suiyuan, to start work. Besides acting as "insurance" against future famines, the project will feed 15,000 hungry families for a period of three to four months.

Advances Agreed To.

Suiyuan Province is arranging to transfer M.8100,000 to the contract, and will contribute a further M.8100,000 within two months from the date of the agreement, which was signed at Kweihua, Suiyuan, on June 6. The Commission agreed to advance M.8240,000, and both sides stipulated that the additional funds necessary will be obtained by means to be decided upon in joint conferences.

The irrigation project will water about 2,000,000 mu and will extend a distance of about 300 li. It will start at Tengchow, at the entrance of the Yellow River, will flow eastward to the Black River and then drain back to the Yellow River.

The irrigation system will be contained in the hsien (districts) of Paotow, Saratzi, and Tokoto, and will include main and lateral canals, necessary gates, bridges, drops, weirs and pumping devices. The excavation is expected to be completed within three or four months.

Executive Engineers.

Mr. Dwight W. Edwards, Executive Director of the C.I.F.R.C. went to Suiyuan Province with Mr. Y. S. Jiang, Executive Secretary, to sign the contract. Governor Hsu Wang Chang and Reconstruction Commission Feng Hsi signed for the province. Representatives of the Suiyuan Chamber of Commerce and the Farmers' Guild were witnesses.

Mr. Edwards shortly will go to Suiyuan as field manager for the task. Mr. O. J. Todd also will go to the province shortly to take charge in his capacity of Chief Engineer for the C.I.F.R.C.

A significant paragraph in the contract reads: "Poppy planting: The provincial government and the commission, being fully aware of the fact that the system is constructed solely for the production of foodstuffs, mutually agree to allow no one to plant poppy in the land irrigated by the system. The government further undertakes to hold all offenders, if any, of this provision, to strict account and inflict upon them the most severe punishment for such offences prescribed by law."

No Taxation.

In the contract the province agrees that all money advanced by the C.I.F.R.C. is on the loan basis, "to be repaid with interest by yearly installments with funds to be derived from the revenue of the system."

The C.I.F.R.C. undertakes to "design and construct the entire system and operate it upon completion till ownership shall be assumed by an irrigation association" which will be a sort of public utility board.

The province also undertakes to exempt all supplies for the task from any kind of other taxation, "and exempt the system itself when completed from similar levies prior to the full retirement of its obligations."

Fifteen thousand famine victims will be obtained in the area for the task. They will be hired at soup kitchens, from among those given free relief, and others affected by the famine. They will be paid in grain, enough to feed them and their families.

SHILLING DAMAGES FOR A PEERESS.

LADY STRABOLGI WINS HER CASE.

A special jury in the King's Bench Division returned a verdict for Lady Strabolgi, of Rutland-gate, Knightsbridge, and Mr. Robert Harvey Murray Muller, of Prince's-gate, Knightsbridge, whom Mrs. Rosa Hanner, a widow and her seventeen-year-old daughter sued for damages for an alleged assault in Lady Strabolgi's flat, of which Mrs. Hanner was the landlady.

The jury awarded Lady Strabolgi and Mr. Muller one shilling damages on their counter-claim for trespass, but awarded them no damages for the alleged assault on them by Mrs. Hanner and her daughter.

Mr. Justice McCardie entered judgment accordingly. The hearing had lasted three days.

BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

Boston.—A copyrighted article in the Boston Herald says that a survey of the wrestling situation in the United States indicates that "championship" wrestling is America constitutes "the greatest gold brick in the history of modern sport." "Scarcely any important match constitutes a genuine contest," continues the article. "Wrestling has become a mere racket."

Falls City.—Lee Peterson, deputy sheriff of Nemaha county, is looking for 39,320 eggs, and not one of them hatched. According to the deputy, the Auburn Fruit and Produce Company, loaded a car with eggs for shipment east. Sometime during the night before the car was to start, thieves entered the car while it was in the railroad yards and made away with the eggs. The theft amounted to 82 cases.

Boston.—William Doyle, a fisherman, was standing on an East Boston wharf, leisurely watching the boats in the harbour, when a police dog ran into him and pushed him off the dock. Doyle, who suffered a broken leg and wrenched back, is suing the owner of the wharf for \$15,000 damages.

Oxford.—The students of Oxford are trying to revive the dying art of conversation. A movement towards this end recently resulted in the organisation of the Conversation Club, the members of which are required to give parties in their rooms. Modernly speaking these are not exactly parties for conversation. The only entertainment permitted and photographs are strictly taboo. Vulgarly these might be compared to the "bull" sessions so common in American universities.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Blonde Florence Blackburn failed to recover an automobile given her as a love token by R. H. Browder married another woman. Florence stored the car to keep it from the bride. Browder presented his bill of sale and obtained the car.

Warsaw.—The National Democratic Party, which belongs to the opposition, has started a lively political campaign. A large number of public meetings have been held and it has been announced that the party considers publishing three new newspapers in order to popularize its political programme.

London.—One of the interesting exhibits of the Chelsea flower show, which brought forth approving comment, was a tent entirely devoted to products of the California desert. The exhibit, which included redwood, cacti, birds and insects of the desert, was brought to England by Mrs. Sherman Hoyt, of Pasadena.

Rome.—In the Chamber's debate on the army and navy estimates, it was revealed that General Nobile's ill-fated expedition to the North Pole, including the airship Italia and the relief work, had cost Italy the huge sum of about 13,000,000 lire.

Williamstown.—Sixty years ago, Charlie Snow, 16, packed his carpet bag and set out for Boston to make his way in the world. Before leaving, he told his childhood sweetheart, Fannie Simonds, 13, that some day he would come back and marry her. The Snows are now on their honeymoon, the boy, as a man of having returned to this little hamlet recently to claim the hand of the girl he left behind.

Copenhagen.—The efforts of two sisters to frighten their father after he had engaged in a hand to hand fight with their mother resulted in the father's suicide and will probably cause the mother's death. The incident occurred in Degerbarga, a small Swedish town. The father, Nila Persson, knocked the mother down and the daughters carried her unconscious into her bed room. They then covered her with a sheet and told Persson he had killed his wife, planning to tell him the truth when he became repentant. He killed himself. Mrs. Persson is not expected to recover from her grief and shock.

Frankfurt.—A memorial tablet was unveiled here in the presence of United States Ambassador Jacob Gould Schurman on the occasion of the centenary of the arrival here of the first consular representative of the United States.

Paris.—Two 14-year-old boys are in jail awaiting trial for murder of Mme. Marcelle Barry, 88, whom they are charged with brutally killing by smashing in her head with a poker when they robbed her of 12 francs. They are Louis Helie and Emile Le Guen and are liable to a penalty of 20 years in a penal colony.

Hammond, Ind.—O. A. Bower possesses a powder horn bearing the date of 1762, which is believed to have been owned by an English soldier who fought against the French during the struggle for control of part of North America.

Shanghai.—Reports among some of the small exchange shops in Nantao caused a run on the National Industrial Bank of China, 519, Tientsin Road. The firmness of the bank authorities and their preparedness in paying cash ended the run. Twenty banks, and native banks, including the Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, are paying cash for the bank. It was officially announced by the bank that up to noon on the day of the run \$100,000 has been paid out.

Bridgeport.—Bridgeport dog owners, who once preferred the names of "Fido" in large majorities, now are turning to more distinguished canine names. Scrutiny of dog licence records here revealed "Lindy" and "Mussolini" threaten to eclipse "Fido" as a pet name.

Fulton.—In defiance of postal laws prohibiting companions for rural mail carriers on their rounds, a "stowaway" hen was found by Curtis Overstreet, a carrier out of Fulton. Hearing a cackle, Overstreet found the hen had paid for its passage with an egg newly laid under the seat.

Vienna.—The presentation at Graz of *The Beggar's Opera*, by John Gay, has been marked by hostile demonstrations on the part of Pan-German and German National students. During the performance youths threw stink bombs among the audience and loudly called for the removal of the play from the theatre's repertoire. Owing to the fumes the entire audience had more than once to take refuge in the street while the building was being ventilated.

Derby.—The danger of Dovedale, the beautiful dell on the Derbyshire and Staffordshire borders, being turned into a pleasure resort has been removed. Sir Hugo Fitzherbert, of Tissington Hall, owner of much adjoining property, has now bought the Isaac Walton Hotel and the adjacent woods which were recently withdrawn at auction, and negotiations are proceeding for the sale of Ilam Hall, with the assurance that the amenities of the district will be preserved.

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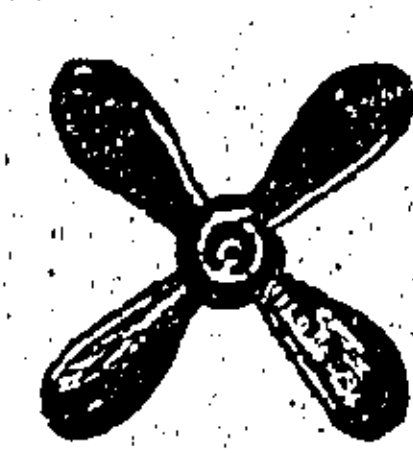
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[A.P.B. 12]

PICTURES AND PLAYS.

It is a far cry from Martin Berger's "Rasputin" to "The Doctor's Secret," described as Sir James Barrie's first all-talking picture. Expectations may be raised, we are afraid (says a Home paper), which will not be realized. The original one-act play, "Half an Hour," upon which this talkie is based, secured its effects by a delicacy of treatment, by guarded suggestion and restraint, whilst the director of "The Doctor's Secret" piles on the agony and draws out every dramatic situation to its extreme limit.

It may be remembered that the story is written round the usual triangle, but that the lover meets with a sudden accidental end and the erring wife returns to her husband before he has had time to find out his wife's intention to run away from him. In the original play the husband never even suspects his wife, but plays a practical joke upon her with her jewels—a joke which has all the dramatic value of an open accusation without any of its ugliness. In the screen version the husband is brought to the point of actually denouncing his wife for unfaithfulness before his guests at the dinner party, and yet in spite of this outrageous insult, the wife coldly suggests, when the husband has admitted an error which he believes himself to have made, that they should all go in to dinner. Nor did the picture redeem its general lack of taste by any great technical merit. The lips of most of the performers were painfully evident, and the posing of the characters was wholly artificial.

Producers of talking pictures must get out of their heads the idea that the public, generally speaking, is unintelligent and not capable of grasping subtleties. They are exhibiting a talent for the obvious that threatens utterly to destroy one of the most ingenious scientific inventions ever applied for the purposes of entertainment.

The famous film star Miss Constance Talmadge is to make a third venture into marriage. On May 8 she will wed Mr. Townsend Netcher, a wealthy Chicago merchant, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Natalie Keaton. She divorced her first husband, Mr. John Pialoglou, a Greek, in 1922. She then married Captain Macintosh, a member of a well-known Inverness family and friend of the Prince of Wales, in 1926, and came to London with him in the same year. She is the youngest sister of Norma Talmadge and Mrs. Buster Keaton. Born in Brooklyn, New York, in April, 1900, she had her first big part in the spectacular film "Intolerance."

A movie version of Franz Lehar's light opera "The Merry Widow," the hero of which is named Prince Danilo, has led to suit being brought against the Cinema Company by a Prince Danilo in real life. He is hereditary prince of the now defunct Royal House of Montenegro. Damages amounting to about \$20,000 are claimed by the Prince who alleges his character has suffered by the villainous reputation bestowed on his namesake in the movie. What the Prince cannot understand is why the producers changed entirely the reputation which the Prince enjoys in the opera. In the play he is handsome and charming, while in the screen story he is declared to be an undesirable character, a rake and "frequent of bars." It is stated that the Prince sent a polite request to the film company suggesting they change the name of the villain of the piece, but apparently this could not be done. Prince Danilo who spends most of his time in Paris is without a throne, since Montenegro was annexed to the kingdom of Croats, Serbs and Slovenes in 1918, an act which Montenegro has not recognised. The Prince was claimant to the throne, but since gave place to his nephew, Prince Nichol.

A bit of Soviet Russia, as much as can get by the British censor, is going to England this summer. Cinema goers are promised their first Russian super-film. Through the contract just signed with a representative of the Sovkino, the Russian state financed and controlled film organization, the British Instructional Films Ltd., have just secured sole distribution rights to the entire output of Russian films in Great Britain. The agreement provides that not only must all films made in Russia and shown in Great Britain be handled by British Instructional, but that the British Company will have the use of Russian directors and actors in preparing their own pictures at Welwyn Garden City. The first request of the British company was for the services of Pudovkin, maker of "The End of St. Petersburg" and "The Mother." It is now expected the great Russian director will come to London in the autumn to assist in the preparation of a picture centered in London. The British film firm has already accepted five Russian pictures, the first of which soon arrive in this country. The pictures include "The New Babylon," "The Woman of Rasan" and "The General Line." Of the 400 films which the Sovkino expects to produce this year, British films experts have found that not more than fifty will be suitable for export, and of this fifty the British Instructional will only attempt to secure entrance of about ten of the

most popular into England. As the majority of Russian pictures contain considerable Bolshevik propaganda, the officials of the country are not hopeful of being able to get more than ten past the watchful eyes of the Government censor. The British concern, however, takes more pride in the fact that it will soon secure the services of the famous Russian directors to make several English films than it does in the fact that it will soon offer the British public the cream of the Soviet's pictures. Instructional Films Ltd., have also been patting themselves on the back for recently placing three of its films in New York houses. They say it is the first time their productions have been shown in America.

Tinted "talkies," which may open a new emotional range for the art of sound motion pictures, have been developed in the research laboratories of the Eastman Kodak Company at Rochester, New York. It was announced recently at a meeting of the Society of Motion Picture Engineers, "The tints do not destroy the sound reproducing qualities of the film but closely simulate the general colouring of any interior or exterior scene. In a paper to the engineers, Lloyd A. Jones revealed that the sound-films will be enabled to project scenes in 16 different tints. The new development would give the blue of the sea to views needing that quality, yellow brilliancy to sunlight scenes, cool green to the forest and repressive black to murky nights. At the meeting Jones told the engineers he saw in the combination of tints with sound pictures, a possibility to develop "this language of symbolism into a powerful emotional tool in the hands of a master motion picture dramatist." Previously it was only possible to use eight tints in silent films. Printing on tinted positive sound film, according to Jones, is no different from the process used on untinted films. The tints reside in the raw positive film as it is received at the studio laboratories.

Previously, tints could not be used for sound picture prints because the colour in the film stopped the necessary light from passing through the "sound track" on the edge of the film and from actuating the photo-electric cell which is the heart of a sound reproduction system. The engineers discovered that through the various combinations of colour, the light of one colour always penetrated. This was blue-violet, the colour to which the photo-electric cell is most sensitive. So the experimenters developed a film in which the tints were compounded with just enough blue-violet in it to transmit the rays necessary for sound-reproduction.

THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

TRY BANANAS COOKED—FOR A CHANGE.

Though bananas are popular, it is surprising how seldom they are used in cooking. You soon tire of them eaten in their raw state. Do not cut bananas with steel when using the fruit in its raw state with cream or custard, if cutting the fruit. If cut bananas have to stand a little while, sprinkle with a little lemon juice to prevent them discolouring.

Breakfast Dish.

An excellent first dish for breakfast can be made with any of the prepared cereal foods that are on the market and bananas. Pile the cereal in the centre of a plate, sprinkle over a few seedless raisins, and slice a banana and lay on the top of the mound. Plain cream can be served, and sugar, if liked.

Banana croquons are delicious for lunch or supper. Cut as many finger-shaped pieces of bread as you think you require. Cut the bananas into four pieces—that is, split down the centre and then in halves across. Fry the pieces of bread a golden brown in butter, and drain on paper. Fry the pieces of banana, in the butter till they are brown, arrange a piece of banana on each piece of fried bread, dust with castor sugar, and serve very hot.

In Fritters.

Fritters with jam sauce make a change in puddings. Cut the bananas in halves and sprinkle with a little castor sugar and lemon juice. Dip in batter and fry in deep fat; drain on kitchen paper, and serve on a paper doyley on a hot dish. Sprinkle with sugar. To make the jam sauce, boil two tablespoonfuls of red jam and a few drops of lemon juice in half a pint of water until reduced to two-thirds. Add a little colouring, strain and serve.

The quickest way to make sauce is to melt the fat, and stir the flour smoothly into it, not to blend the flour and liquid first.

Pans which are kept clean on the outside, heat much more quickly than those left black underneath.



The black satin cloak with a deep wide collar of white fur is always fashionable.

HOMECRAFT HINTS.

Potatoes cook more quickly when cut in half.

Carrots cut into eighths, get tender many minutes before whole ones.

Boiled or steamed pudding will cook half an hour quicker in a cake-tin, than in a basin.

Meat, & fruit puddings with a nut crust, with the cooked mixture if you cut out a circle of paste from the bottom, before putting the filling into the pudding.

KETTLES THAT BOIL QUICKLY.

Kettles that boil quickly and without waste of fuel will save both time and money. The old iron kettles of our grandmothers were very uneconomical.

It is important to choose both the material and shape of a kettle properly if the best results are to be obtained.

The material of which it is made should be a good conductor of heat so that the heat can easily get to the water inside. The best conductors among the common metals are copper and aluminium but they are both of them rather expensive.

The ordinary tin kettle, which is actually made of iron coated with tin, is excellent and cheap.

As to shape, a kettle should be chosen which has as wide a base as can conveniently be used, and it should be shallow. This allows the heat to come into contact with the greatest surface of the water, and moreover, in boiling on a gas ring, does not allow flames to go curling up the sides where most of their heat is wasted.

Inside, chalk will accumulate, especially when the water is very hard. This may to some extent be mitigated by putting pieces of rough pumice stone or similar harmless substance into the kettle and thus giving extra surface for the chalk to deposit on, but these only take up heat and are not very effective. The crust can also be removed by weak acids such as vinegar.

It is, however, much better and more economical not to use a kettle too long. As tin kettles are cheap, it is then more economical to buy a new kettle than to waste fuel on an old one.

There will be the added satisfaction that economy in this direction will be helping to find employment for British workers in the tinplate industry.

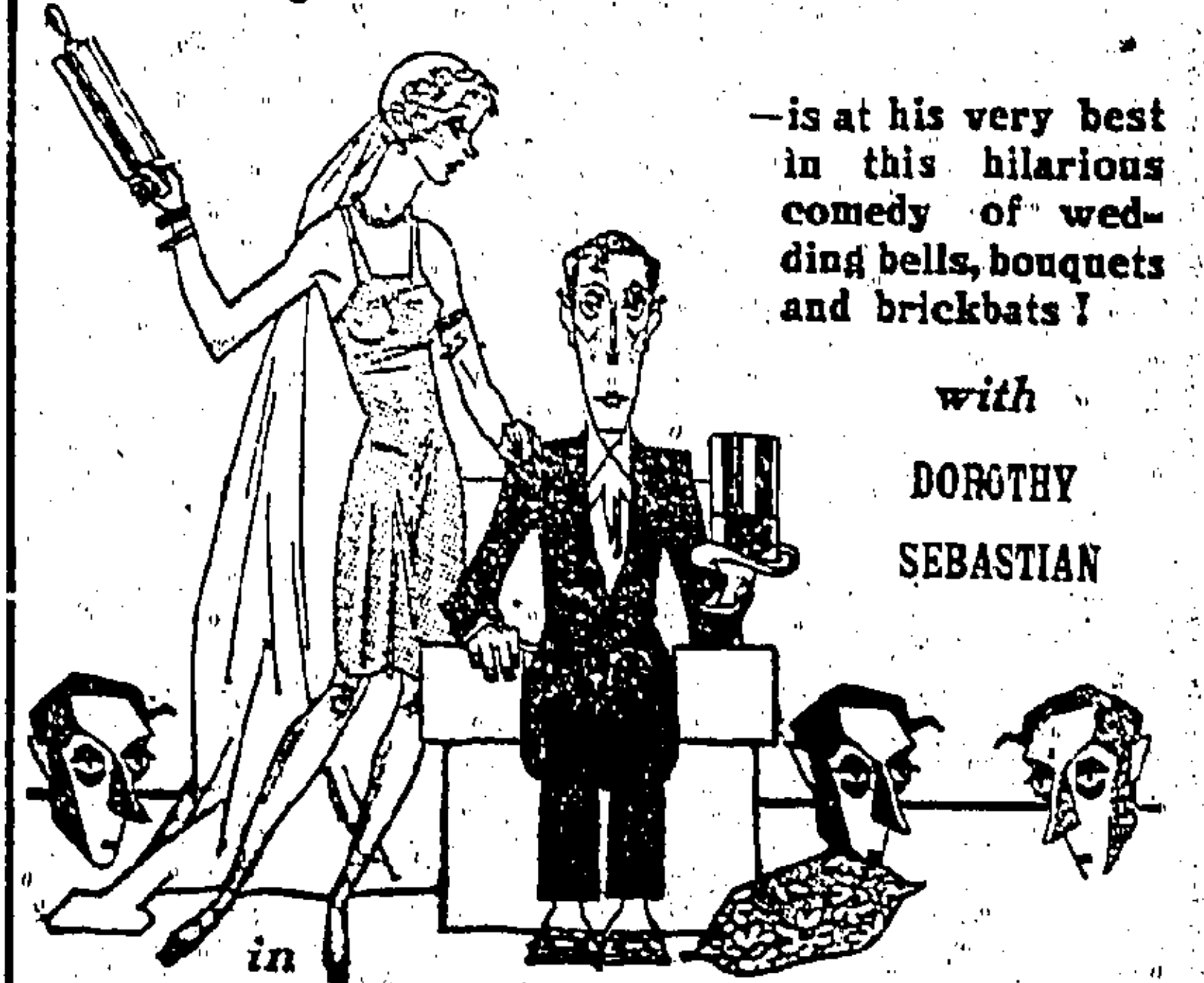
A piece of linoleum, cut to fit round the letterbox on the door, will save spoiling the paint with metal polish.

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EXTRADITION LAW
DECISION.MAGISTRATE'S REVIEW OF
LOCAL CASE.FUGITIVE COMMITTED TO
PRISON.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton gave his decision on Saturday in the case in which the Canton authorities are seeking the surrender of a Chinese who is wanted for alleged robbery and kidnapping in the Tse Kam District in 1928.

The case had occupied a number of sittings and Counsel for the defence had contended that the fugitive should not be surrendered merely on the part of *prima facie* case against him, but that his guilt had to be established. Mr. Hamilton's decision is set forth below:

The Requisition.

In this case learned counsel has raised two points of law and one of fact as I understand him. He first argues that the proceedings are bad owing to the late arrival of the requisition and order from H.E. the Governor. In point of fact, a requisition was received, and the consequent Governor's order and certificate were produced, and the order to the Superintendent of Prisons was issued before any depositions were taken except for the formal evidence of arrest given on March 20. It is true that this requisition did not specify the particular crime on which the Crown proceeded, but in my opinion this point is covered by the dictum of Manisty, "You find the facts in the depositions and not in the warrant."

Even however if this was insufficient a correct requisition arrived before the case for the prosecution had closed. On this alone I hold the proceedings are good, on the authority of a judgment of Mr. Justice Wood's in the case of Un Kin and Un Fat, fugitive prisoners, which clearly upholds the point. I therefore have no doubt but that learned counsel's submission on this ground must fail.

On Proof of Guilt.

It was furthermore submitted that in the preamble to Ordinance 7 of 1893 the words "on proof of their guilt" require stronger evidence than that which would justify the committal of the fugitive criminal for trial at the Supreme Court if the crime of which he was accused had been committed in the Colony. It is an old point. In the above quoted case Mr. Justice Wood clearly sets this aside. I have therefore solely to be governed in my action now by Section 10 ss. 1 of Ordinance 7 of 1893. Let me once more repeat I am not here to judge the fugitive. I have but to decide whether or no there is a *prima facie* case such as would be sent to the Sessions in a local committal case.

The Photographs.

I will first deal with the question of the photograph. It is of a twofold nature. The fact that the Crown witnesses had seen a photograph up-country, disposes of the identification parades. But this to my mind is of no importance. The witnesses were not identifying a chance-seen stranger, but a man who had lived most of his life in the neighbouring village and whom they knew well. If I believe them at all, I believe their identification. Again on p. 251 of Clarke on Extradition it is stated—"The Magistrate must first be satisfied that the person brought before him is the person against whom the foreign warrant was issued. This is the foundation of his jurisdiction. In this case the requisition corresponds to the foreign warrant and whom does it name?—Ip Tim. But the fugitive himself admits he is Ip Tim."

No Witness Produced.

The only point in the photograph question is the question of whether it was taken after arrest or no. If that had been proved, the credibility of the Crown witnesses would have been hopelessly shaken. But it was not proved. It seems clear that on May 29 the defence knew of the suggestion that it was taken after arrest until the re-examination of Lo Kam Shau by Mr. Andrewes. But even thereafter they made no attempt, as far as I know, to produce witnesses of this though at that time they must have been available. There is no evidence whatever that the photograph was taken at Au Tau. Two witnesses, a constable and Lo San Sam have sworn it was never taken. The evidence for the Crown, even omitting Wong Nam on the scene of his arrest, and I really do not see why I should be satisfied of statements of (a) Lo Wo who was robbed and kidnapped by Ip Tim. (Continued on next column).

BOGUS SANITARY
INSPECTOR.GORDON (ALIAS BELTRAO)
SENT TO PRISON.MAGISTRATE REFUSES TO
BARGAIN.

Joseph Henry Michael Gordon, alias Jose' Henry Beltrao, of Portuguese nationality and living at 231, Temple Street, Yaumati, was convicted by Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday of obtaining money with intent to defraud.

Defendant represented himself as a Sanitary Inspector and obtained 30 cents from a foreman supervising a house under construction in Sai Yeung Choi Street, Hong Kong.

At the previous hearing defendant pleaded not guilty, but at the resumption of the case on Saturday, defendant admitted the charge and asked his Worship if he would accept a bond of \$500 for his good behaviour for one year.

Magistrate: "No, I'm not going to bargain with defendants in the box."

Asked if he had anything to say for himself, defendant replied that he had nothing to say beyond what he had said at the previous hearing—that he had gone to the place in connection with two stools which were being made for him.

An Unlikely Story.

His Worship remarked that he could not believe that that necessitated defendant's presence at the place often.

The fact that when defendant had gone again to the place and had refused to tell the accountant his "special" business with the foreman because the latter was not there, showed that there was something odd about defendant's visits. His Worship said that he held that defendant had pretended to be a Sanitary Inspector. Not that defendant used the exact words "Sanitary Inspector" but that he had indicated he was in charge of drains and dirty water. His Worship also held that the 30 cents was in the way of a bribe.

Defendant remarked that he had only asked for a loan of 30 cents, and the foreman gave him 50 cents.

Unsatisfactory Record.

Inspector James handed the Magistrate defendant's police record which showed a conviction in 1919 for "false pretences" under the name of Jose' Henry Beltrao.

Inspector James also told his Worship that defendant was employed in the Sanitary Department as a foreman from November 19, 1927, to March 31 this year. He was dismissed because his services were unsatisfactory. Inspector James added that he was present when defendant was searched after arrest and that a Sanitary Inspector's cap badge was found in his pocket.

Defendant asked for leniency because if sent to prison he would lose all the furniture at his flat. The Magistrate imposed a sentence of three months' imprisonment.

He had known him 10 years. (b) Lo Kam Shau who was also robbed and kidnapped by Ip Tim. He lives in the next village and was eight days a captive in Ip Tim's house. (c) Lo Sau Sam who was robbed. He has admittedly known Ip Tim all his life. He corroborated the constable in saying no photo was taken. (d) Wan Po a chance visitor to Shekmaokok and (e) Wong Chiu a farmer who was in the fields near Shekmaokok and saw fugitive whom he knew.

Who to Believe?

Now I know none of these witnesses. Nor do I know either fugitive or his two witnesses who purport to prove a complete alibi, or his two witnesses who say two Crown witnesses are not what they pretend to be. It is quite obvious that one side or the other is foully perjured. I see nothing however that leads me to decide which side is obviously perjured.

It therefore appears to me perfectly clear that there is such a case as would lead me to commit the fugitive for trial to the Supreme Court were this a local committal case.

I therefore commit the fugitive to the jail to await the further order of H.E. the Governor, and as directed by Section 10 Sub-Section 2 of Ordinance 7 of 1893, I hereby inform him that he will not be surrendered until after the expiration of 18 days from the date of this committal and that he has a right to apply to the Supreme Court for a writ of Habeas Corpus.

REVOLVERS FOR
F.M.S. POLICE.

CHANGE IN POLICY.

USELESSNESS OF RIFLE AT
CLOSE QUARTERS.

An indication of an important change of policy in the F.M.S. Police is given in an interesting article by a writer signing himself "Apostle" in the *Malayan Police Magazine*.

With the inclusion of revolver work in the training of all recruits, he writes, and the arrival in the store of a large number of 38 revolvers, it really looks as if at very long last the revolver is going to take its proper place in the F.M.S. Police as the weapon par excellence for a policeman.

For far too long we have accepted as the only proper equipment for a policeman, arms which were evolved for purely military purposes. Thank goodness, a change is here.

It is entirely true that at the inception of this Force we were a purely military body, but this state of things existed such a long time ago, and was of such very short duration, that one cannot call to mind any officer now serving who can speak of those times with first hand knowledge.

Handicap of Military Tradition.

But whatever happened in our murky past, we ought to have outgrown this handicap of a military tradition long since. Whether it was that this tradition proved too strong to be quickly overcome, or—whisper it—whether a spirit of 'tid' 'apa' was responsible, the fact remains that only in this year of grace 1929 has a Commissioner dared to insert in his annual report a paragraph—not too easy to find perhaps—containing a hint that what is best for Tommy is not necessarily the very best thing for Bobby.

Seriously though, if one discards tradition and looks at this matter of weapons without bias, one cannot help admitting that the rifle is essentially a weapon for offence and that the revolver is the weapon for defence.

Accepting that, inquire how often a policeman needs to act on the offensive—then hand your rifle into store for transmission to the special squad. If you still believe in "The army right or wrong" then carry your awkward eight pound adornment on a ten mile patrol, and let me have my easily packed two pound revolver; if you return—as you will—unconvinced, then see who slings a shot the quicker into a man-sized target at five yards.

"The Minimum of Force."

If you are still unrepentant, find and set up a slippery thief for each of us to arrest "with the minimum of force necessary," and see what a damned nuisance your long spouted thing is.

If you are still so hide bound by tradition as to be even doubtful any longer, it is but right and proper you should endure a last test—arm with butchers' axes or parangs or a couple of really vicious lunatics or a pair of determined gang robbers—just one for each of us, and see—me attend your military style funeral. Yes I agree your long spouted friend will make a better show in the hands of the firing party than my revolver, and that reversed rifles are more effective looking than any conceivable "pretty pretty" with a revolver. I grant all that, and sincerely hope your next-of-kin will extract as much mournful pleasure out of it as may nearly make up for your loss.

As for you yourself, when you have arrived wherever policemen are welcomed, you'll have lots of time in which to ponder over the quick draw, or, if you were inconceivably quick with your pet, on the lack of stopping power of a .303 nickel bullet as compared with the .38 or .45 lead bullet.

Be Warned in Time.

Be warned in time—what a policeman needs in a weapon on practically every occasion, are speed, handiness and portability, and the revolver has the rifle beaten hollow every time. Of course there are revolvers and revolvers, I put in the latter class the horrible old "Bull dogs" with which—probably for safety's sake, we used to arm our gangster-brothers. I refer to the things which used to disintegrate at every shot. But they were "brant" blokes; those old detectives, even they were not as brainy as the modern lot. I wonder how many of the present bunch would calmly collect the extractor rod from one part of the range, the shield thing from another, extract the cylinder from the winded O.C.P.D.'s tummy, and with grim determination carry on to the bitter twenty-fourth cartridge, and then look a virgin target straight in the (bull's) eye.

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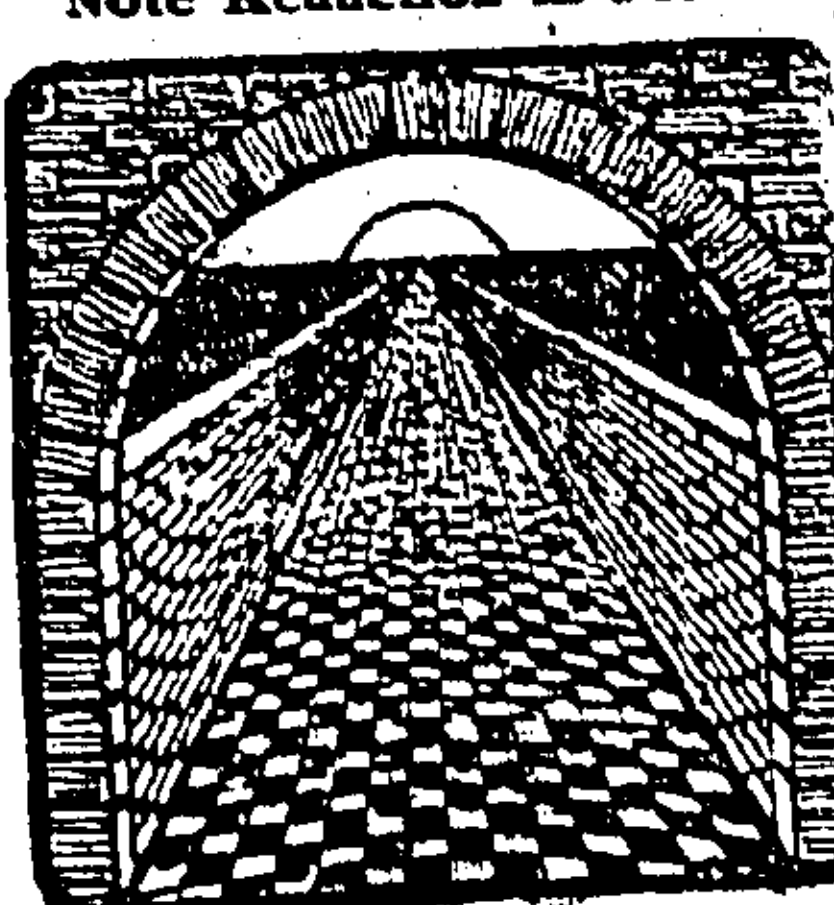
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OVALTINE
TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE
Ensures Sound, Natural Sleep

[A.M. 9]

YOUNG FISHERMAN
THRASHED.FATHER CAUTIONED BY
BENCH.

A Chinese was charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday with cruelty to his little son, aged 6. It was stated that an Indian constable came across defendant beating his son with the handle of a feather duster, the little fellow's hands being tied in front of him. Had not the constable interfered the boy probably would have been severely injured.

Defendant said that his son was very naughty. He had no school in the afternoon during Summer months, and he would go to the Kowloon Godown Wharves to fish. Defendant was afraid that his son would get drowned, and in fact, that morning the boy came home with his trousers wet. When his mother attempted to scold him he fought and kicked her. He was obliged to tie him up so that he could not struggle.

In reply to his Worship, Inspector James remarked that it was most unusual for a Chinese to tie his son up and beat him in that manner.

His Worship commended the Indian constable and said that he had done quite right to interfere and that he (his Worship) was very glad that he did.

Addressing the defendant, his Worship remarked that every parent had a right to inflict a certain amount of chastisement, but his Worship rather thought that defendant was overdoing it. "You must be very careful next time, it is not for your own good, but for the good of your child," he said. (Continued at foot of next column.)

NEW STREET NAMES.

IN PRINCE EDWARD ROAD
DISTRICT.

The current number of the Gazette contains the following list of new street names:—

Boundary Street.

Street commencing at Nathan Square, being a continuation of Boundary Street in an easterly direction and terminating at its junction with Prince Edward Road.

Embankment Road.

Street commencing at Prince Edward Road on the S.W. side of adjoining and running parallel to the Kowloon-Canton Railway in a north-easterly direction and terminating at its junction with Boundary Street.

Knight Street.

Street commencing at Prince Edward Road, being the first street on the east side of Embankment Road; running in a northerly direction and terminating at its junction with Boundary Street.

Duke Street.

Street commencing at Embankment Road being the first street on the north side of Prince Edward Road, running in an easterly direction and terminating at its junction with Knight Street.

Waterloo Road.

Street commencing at Argyle Street being a continuation of Waterloo Road in a northerly direction and terminating at its junction with Prince Edward Road.

naughty. You haven't brought him up well," said the Magistrate as he discharged defendant with caution.

GENERAL CHEN TSAI TONG.**RESIGNS ALL CIVIL POSTS.**

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 23.

General Chen Tsai Tong, Commander-in-Chief of the Forces of the two Kwangs, has sent a cable announcing his resignation from the Central Government, and asking to be relieved of all civil duties in connection with the Provincial Government of Kwangtung. He has been a member of the Provincial Council, but now wants to resign so as to be able to devote his time to military affairs. A free translation of his cable is as follows:

"To Marshal Chiang Kai Shek and the Central Government:

"It was kind of you to have conferred upon me the posts which I have been holding. But owing to my shortcomings, I have been afraid that I was not able to carry out all the duties and responsibilities. Moreover, I am holding both civil and military posts, and I feel that it is unwise for a man in uniform to take charge of civil affairs. There is still plenty of work to be done in military affairs. Please, therefore, allow me to resign my membership of the Provincial Government of Kwangtung, so that I may be better able to attend to military affairs.

(Signed) CHEN TSAI TONG."

General Chen Tsai Tong is now quite well again and left the Canton Sanatorium at the end of last week. He is now working as usual in the Canton Military Headquarters.

There are rumours in Canton that the real cause of General Chen Tsai Tong's resignation from the Provincial Government was his disagreement with General Chen Ming Shu.

A VALUABLE PRISONER.

General Wong Ying Yu, a leader of the Kwangsi clique, who was captured and brought to Canton when his troops were routed in Pak Nai, near Samshui, over a month ago, is still securely locked up in the Central Police Station. Reports have been current that the General had been set free by General Chen Tsai Tong, but the fact was that the prisoner was ill, and upon the plea of certain influential officials including Mr. Liu I Fu, the Yunnan envoy, who is in Canton, he was removed to the Canton Sanatorium for treatment. This gave rise to the rumour that he was set free. Li Shi Chung, Vice-Commander of the First Division, in an interview with the Press said that Wong Ying Yu is too important a prisoner to be set free. Opinions are current that he will be tried and punished accordingly.

"JUNE 23" PASSES QUIETLY.

Canton is to-day commemorating the 4th anniversary of the "June 23" Incident and, simultaneously the 7th anniversary of the death of the late Dr. Wu Ting Fang. No anti-British demonstration of any sort is being fostered and everything was attributed to the "Imperialists." The Canton Police has strictly forbidden the distribution of any sort of handbills or pamphlets, for fear that the Communists might use the occasion to stir up trouble. Extra patrols and detectives are on guard in every part of the city.

DEATH OF MRS. MARTHA ATIENZA.**WELL KNOWN MEMBER OF FILIPINO COMMUNITY.**

The death has taken place of Mrs. Martha Atienza, wife of Mr. Vicente Atienza and the mother of Dr. V. N. Atienza, the well-known local medical practitioner. Mrs. Atienza passed away at her home in Jordan Road, Kowloon, on Friday night at the age of 79.

At the funeral on Saturday, at the Roman Catholic Cemetery, Happy Valley, the chief mourners were her husband and son. Many members of the Filipino community, to which the deceased lady belonged, as well as friends of other nationalities were present. A large number of orphans from the Italian Convent. Wreaths were sent by a large number of sympathisers.

ONLY HALF AN INCH OF RAIN!**HEAVY CLOUDS PASS OVER THE ISLAND BUT NO DOWNPOUR!****R.A.F. EXPERIMENTS ABANDONED.**

The rain which fell during the week-end must be described as disappointing. There were heavy showers in the early hours of Saturday morning and during the forenoon—sufficient, in fact, to cancel all sporting fixtures—but from the point of view of the water shortage there was not much alleviation. On Saturday the rainfall was .20 of an inch at the Royal Observatory, in Kowloon, and at the Matilda Hospital on the Peak it was only .24 of an inch.

Yesterday, up to 4 p.m., the Observatory recorded .34 of an inch and the Matilda Hospital only .03 of an inch up to 6 p.m. As before, clouds that looked like yielding a downpour of several inches sailed over the Colony to discharge their moisture elsewhere. That there is plenty of rain about is suggested by the master of the s.s. Haiching, which arrived yesterday from Swatow, to the effect that heavy rain and squalls were encountered during the voyage. Nothing of the nature of the drenching and lengthy tropical rain which supplies Hong Kong with its average rainfall has been encountered in the Colony.

Last night continual-sheet lightning to the north showed that the country inland was getting the rain needed here. At about 9 p.m. a heavy shower fell, but did not last long.

The Observatory forecast yesterday evening was, "Squally, occasional rain."

TANKS EASE THE SITUATION.**A TOUR OF THE QUEUES.****SOME MINOR SOURCES.**

How people in the Colony, and especially on such outskirts of the urban area as Kennedy Town and Quarry Bay get their water is described by a *Daily Press* representative who made a careful tour of these parts yesterday. Recent Government action has made things easier, but very real hardship is the lot of those dependent on the street fountains. Everywhere the population is carrying on with the cheerful patience and adaptability for which the Chinese people are famous. The few police court cases emphasise the general good temper and the way that people are "playing the game" with each other.

Tanks on New Reclamation.

The two new brick tanks on the Wanchai Reclamation are now functioning and many of those living in the Eastern district depend entirely on these sources for their daily water supply.

The taps from which the water is drawn are actually a hundred yards nearer to the road than the tanks. This is made possible by means of a large outlet pipe supplying smaller pipes. As at the street fountains, those who want water form into queues at these taps but there appears to be less delay here because of the number of taps working at one time.

The Government by making the "supply depot" a hundred yards closer to the road than the tanks, has taken a step in the right direction and those who have to carry water are undoubtedly grateful. In these days, saving of a journey of a hundred yards under the sun, with a heavy load of water across one's shoulders means a great deal.

Matcheds Needed for Shade.

There appears to be one drawback to this excellent scheme. When the sun is up, those waiting at the taps have a trying time as there is no shade of any kind. The obvious thing to do is to erect a temporary matcheds over the taps and it would be greatly appreciated when it is either sunshine or rain overhead, for those waiting for water have no choice but to go through with it.

One of the concrete tanks on the Praya, which is reported to have cracks, is now undergoing repairs and is out of action. This particularly tank is near the old Bowington Canal.

In Connaught Road West a number of brick tanks have appeared and have proved to be a welcome addition to the street fountain system. Those living near the tanks will be able to get their daily supply more quickly and the tanks have relieved the congestion at the fountains to a certain extent. The average period of waiting depends on the district, and while in the Central district it is still a long process at West Point and Kennedy Town water is not so difficult to get. In the Central and Western districts, the taps from which water is supplied are close up to the tanks.

Nullah Water.

In Queen's Road East, just beyond Arsenal Street, the authorities some days ago installed a public tap. A notice there reads: "This water must be boiled," which suggests that the water in question is nullah water and that it comes from the stream which runs through the Military property in Wanchai. That the supply from this tap is much in demand is evident from the large number of people who draw water from it at all times of the day.

Similar taps have been installed elsewhere in the Colony, wherever nullah water is available, one of these being in Wyndham Street.

Open the Gate!

At Happy Valley, a well has been sunk on the Wong Nei Chong Recreation ground. The water appears to be quite clean, but here again, those who go there are put to unnecessary hardship. The well is near the entrance gate to the Wong Nei Chong Recreation ground, but for some reason the powers-that-be who control this gate have not seen fit to leave it open, so that amaahs and servants who have to draw water are obliged to walk over narrow strips of slippery ledges through a gap in the fence to get to the well. If the Government allows the public to draw water from the well, it is a pity that useless obstacles should be placed in the way of people who go to it.

There is a possibility of another well being sunk in Happy Valley, for workmen were at work at a site near the Police Recreation Club. The contractors who are rebuilding the Hong Kong Jockey Club's premises in Happy Valley have erected a large tank into which water is pumped from the nullah which runs from Wong Nei Chong pass the enclosure. This water is probably polluted when it runs past Wong Nei Chong Village and on that account it is allowed to run into the sea.

At Quarry Bay.

The water shortage is not so acute in the Quarry Bay district where nullah water is plentiful and where the population is thin, so that street fountains are not very crowded. In the Chinese bathing clubs in North Point, bathers still enjoy the luxury of a fresh water bath after their swim, as arrangements have been made in most Clubs to supply water from nearby nullahs.

At the Matilda Hospital.

At the Matilda Hospital, which is by the way, serving an increasingly large number of patients and has every bed occupied, drastic reductions in the use of water have been made. The Hospital is served with a tank which is kept full but the normal expenditure of 3,000 gallons a day by a total "population" of about ninety has been cut down to a 1,000 gallons a day, sometimes as little as 600 gallons. Three quarters of the taps have been cut off and the patients' baths are reduced to a two gallon a day affair, instead of taking their ease in the hospital's large and comfortable long baths.

MUSLIMS PRAYER FOR RAIN.**AN IMPRESSIVE SERVICE.**

"There is no power: there is no strength. Except with God the High!"

With this in mind about 400 Muslims wended their way to the Indian Recreation Club ground where an *Istisqa* (Prayer for rain) was conducted by the *Mulvi* of the Hong Kong Mosque.

The service consisted of two rakats *Istisqa* *Nafil* which was performed in the open. Unlike the usual daily prayers of the Muslim these were said on the ground—there were no carpets or mats. After this the *Mulvi* read the *Kurban*, in Arabic, which he later interpreted into Urdu. A *dua* was then said, this marking the end of the service. The service started shortly after 11 a.m., and lasted nearly an hour.

"RAIN-MAKING" FAILS.**SQUADRON LEADER'S REPORT.**

Rain making by aircraft, upon which a certain amount was expected, has not, according to the Officer Commanding the Royal Air Force, Kai Tak, proved a success. The following report shows that while plenty of kaolin was distributed among the clouds the results were negative as far as rain was concerned. The Kai Tak staff is, however, busy cleaning very dusty machines.

The report, which is signed by Squadron Leader S. Freeman states:—

In accordance with instructions I got into communication with the Director of the Royal Observatory and the Director of Public Works, and also discussed the proposals with Mr. Lane, who it is understood originated the idea of the experiments.

As a result, it was decided that the aircraft available at Kai Tak should be fitted up so that the kaolin could be discharged from the machines when in flight. An improvised discharge tube was made and fitted in such a manner that it did not interfere in any way with the normal operation of the aircraft and involved no alteration to the machine. The arrangement was seen by Mr. Lane who said that it was suitable for the purpose.

The experiment consisted of dropping as large a quantity as possible of kaolin on to what appeared to be rain bearing clouds in such a position that if rain was caused it would fall in one of the catchment areas.

Three flights were carried out during the forenoon of Tuesday, June 18, and the kaolin was dropped from heights of 7,500 feet and 6,000 feet at 10.23 hours and 11.55 hours respectively, two machines partaking in the last experiment.

Not Caused By Kaolin.

In the case of the first flight, the kaolin was dropped immediately over the Peak and allowing for the wind it was thought that any precipitation which might be caused would fall near the Kowloon Reservoir; when the pilot descended he noticed that rain was falling but there is reason to believe that it started before the kaolin was dropped, and therefore had no direct bearing on the experiment. The flights of the other two machines produced no apparent result.

During the afternoon, flights were carried out by two machines and kaolin was dropped at heights varying from 5,000 to 7,500 feet, depending upon the depth of the clouds, at 14.55 hours, 15.00 hours, 16.10 and 18.10 hours without result.

Clouds Too Big to be Affected.

From observation, it would appear that, assuming the theory of the experiment is correct, the amount of kaolin which can be ejected from aircraft during a flight can only have a negligible effect on clouds covering an area of many square miles and of a thickness of approximately one mile, and it is suggested that the results do not justify any further experiments of this nature being carried out.

Further owing to the nature of the material which is similar to very fine dust, it is not suitable for carrying in aircraft unless a specially constructed container is fitted, as the dust permeates into every part of the aircraft and although no damage has been done, a considerable amount of work has now to be carried out to clean the machines and make them fit for normal duties.

A total of seven flights were carried out, and approximately six and a half cwt. of kaolin discharged.

SHING MUN VALLEY SCHEME.**GRAVESTO BE REMOVED FROM CATCHMENT AREA.**

The Government Gazette publishes two orders with regard to the catchment area for the Shing Mun Valley Scheme.

The first is that no person shall bury or deposit any human remains in any part of the catchment area, and the second that all bodies and remains from graves or urns in the area shall be removed under the direction of the District Officer, and re-interred, or disposed on in such a manner as the Secretary for Chinese Affairs and the Committee of the Tung Wah Hospital shall think fit.

SHANGHAI WATER.**AN "AMENDE HONORABLE."**

In our issue of June 13 there appeared a letter from a correspondent who had an unpleasant experience in Shanghai "some years ago" through drinking unboiled water. Our correspondent suggested that in the event of Shanghai water being used in Hong Kong, the public should be warned that it must be boiled before used for drinking purposes.

Whatever may have been the fact regarding our correspondent's experience, we have received information concerning existing conditions in Shanghai which shows that there is no occasion for alarm, or even suspicion, concerning the purity of the water provided by the Shanghai Waterworks Company, and we regret that an impression to the contrary may have been created.

The plant is equipped on the most modern lines as approved in large European and American cities, and leading British and American consulting engineers who have inspected the plant have expressed complete satisfaction with it.

The Company maintain very well equipped laboratories, staffed by fully qualified English chemists, to test the water supplied to the public. In spite of the poor source of supply, the results compare most favourably with those obtained in London by the Metropolitan Water Board.

The bacteriological standard which the Shanghai Municipality insists shall be maintained by the lactose fermenters must not exceed ten per litre, and this standard is always maintained.

Samples of water are taken daily from many points in different parts of the city by the Company, quite independent of the samples taken by the local health authorities.

In view of these facts, and in view also of the very helpful attitude taken by Shanghai in assisting to relieve the serious water shortage in Hong Kong, we regret that an altogether wrong impression regarding the quality of Shanghai water was created by our correspondent's letter. The facts now given should effectively allay any anxiety which may have been created, and we have pleasure in giving publication to the most satisfactory and reassuring information set forth above.

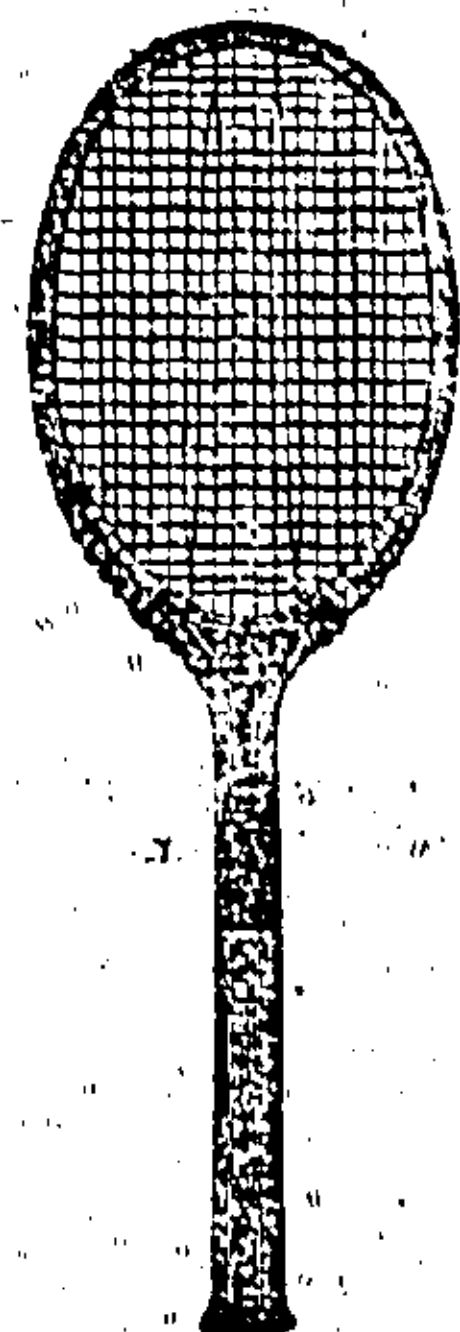
"SPITE MARRIAGE."**DELIGHTFUL BUSTER KEATON COMEDY.****APPRECIATIVE AUDIENCE AT THE QUEEN'S.**

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

"Spite Marriage," Buster Keaton's new comedy which is showing at the Queen's to-day and to-morrow, is very well worth seeing. Buster Keaton is learning his work with every picture and there is now nearly as wide a gulf between him and the other comic stars as there used to be between Charlie Chaplin and the "also rans." His interpretation is subtle all the way through, even when the action becomes sheer knockabout, and I do not believe that even Charlie has bettered the scene where Keaton tries to get his wife onto the bed.

The story of a comedy does not matter very much but here it is for what it is worth. Keaton is employed in a cleaner's shop and is in love with "Trilby Drew" (Dorothy Sebastian), the star of a touring company. He sits each night in his employer's clothes in the front row to applaud her, and one day manages to "under study" a super who has the privilege of kissing the heroine on the stage. Then Trilby marries him, on the rebound, believing him to be a millionaire. She leaves him and he ships aboard a rum-runner. Next, Buster gets aboard the yacht on which Trilby is a guest, and after setting the engine room alight—and putting it out—finds himself alone on board with his wife. Enter the rum-runners again whom Buster knocks out one by one, and with the curtain we see love triumphant.

It is hard to say which is the best part, for Buster's acting is particularly clever in the less showy episodes, but the scenes on the yacht are so delightful and the picture is enjoyable from start to finish.

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	NEAPOLITAN NIGHTS	...	...	"
1550D	SONNY BOY	...	...	Fox-Trot
	'ROUND EVENING	...	...	"
1635D	MY INSPIRATION IS YOU	...	...	"
	CARMEN	...	...	"
1837D	RAMONA	...	...	WALTZ
	IN MY BOUQUET OF MEMORIES	...	...	Fox-Trot

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WE, DODWELL & CO. LTD. of Hong Kong, HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that in consequence of the Owners being desirous of doing so, we have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the ship "CHRONOS" of Hong Kong, Official Number 132455 of Gross Tonnage 4,864 Tons, Register Tonnage 2,612 Tons, heretofore owned by THE AUSTRAL-CHINA NAVIGATION CO., Ltd., Sydney, for the Permission to Change Her Name to "CARABITA" and to have her registered in the New Name at the Port of HONG KONG as owned by THE AUSTRAL-CHINA NAVIGATION CO., Ltd.

Any Objections to the Proposed Change of Name must be sent to the REGISTRAR OF SHIPPING at Hong Kong, within SEVEN DAYS from the Appearance of this Advertisement.

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WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast, and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 6.25 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest over S. Manchuria and relatively low over South China. There are indications of a typhoon or depression to the south of Guam.

Local Forecast:—S. winds, fresh, cloudy, squally, occasional rain.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11, Lee House Street. Tel. Central 12.
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London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

Hong Kong, June 24, 1929.

ARMCHAIR TRAVEL-TOURS.

SINCE the luxurious motor-coaches known as "land liners" are not yet available for Far Easterners who have a wish to travel far but no more than a week-end to spare for it, an armchair-tour with a book in hand must of necessity serve as a substitute. He who cannot wander at will where he feels inclined may thus at least in imagination follow in the steps of those more fortunate ones who have exercised that privilege. Not many, perhaps, would be inclined—even had they the leisure—to walk or cycle round the world. Such an undertaking is no longer to be regarded as anything at all remarkable; forty years ago these adventures were beginning to get common, and now there must be a whole battalion of men walking or riding round the world for wages or for experience. It is a harmless pursuit, but not every man has the physical strength necessary to accomplish the feat. To smuggle down in a comfortable chair, however, is within the capacity of anybody who has the means of acquiring—honestly, of course—a book, and to travel thus by proxy can be a very pleasant experience indeed. Some books of travel will lead the reader to the Land of Nod, or move him to toss the volume down in disgust with the author's superlatives and lack of sense of proportion. Other writers, however, can hold the reader's attention with their vivid descriptions of places and people as effectively as any author of "crock" stories, and in such company armchair-travel is pleasant indeed.

"Something different!" is a phrase which fitly describes a book by Lieut.-Colonel C. H. Forry entitled "Bangkok: Its Life and Sport," published by Witherby, London. It deals with a side of Siamese life which is not familiar to any but those who have had prolonged residence in the country, and the author handles his subject in the bright and breezy way one would expect of a sportsman dealing with his favourite topic. He has something interesting to say about shooting; all the way from snipe to tiger, with a few strange stories in passing about snakes and elephants. While the sportsman will find Colonel Forry's book a most attractive volume, there is plenty of material to hold the attention of the general reader. We are told that a generation ago it was the custom for Singapore hotel-keepers to shake hands with a guest bound for Bangkok. The reputation of the city as an unhealthy spot for Europeans was such that the hand-shaking ceremony in Singapore was a privilege which the hotel-keepers never expected to have again! Now-a-days there is an excellent water-supply, and Bangkok is as healthy as Singapore itself. The author has some unorthodox views on the subject of hygiene—be ridiculous cholera-belts, hot-baths, and the danger of the sun—"man's greatest friend," who has to stand much quite unnecessary and overkill its salutary and healing effects. The sun's acquaintance

in the tropics should be made gradually and respectfully, and not in any way be rushed. The views expressed by Col. Forry on indulgence in alcohol make interesting reading. "A certain amount of alcohol is more necessary for one than it is in England. . . . Too many cocktails or gins-and-bitters are accounted bad for one by medical men." A former Medical Officer of Health at Bangkok, looking back on twenty-five years' experience, declared that in practically every case he knew the men who died from cholera were total abstainers. A placid and imperturbable disposition is a wonderful asset in hot countries, says the Colonel, and we imagine he himself is fortunate possessor of that quality, or he would never have written such a readable book.

There are some incidental references to Chinese settlers in Siam which are worth noting. For example, we are told that the Chinese—glutton as he is for work—fights any of toiling in the rice-fields under a fiery sun; though he undertakes most of the heavier forms of manual labour. Instead of wading about in paddy-fields, the Chinese have established a number of rice-mills driven by steam power, and collect paddy from the native farmers, giving them polished rice in part payment. The Chinese feed their pigs, ducks, and fowls on the pollard left over when the rice is polished. As pork and poultry form much of their daily fare, the evil effect of eating polished rice is not so noticeable among the Chinese as amongst those whose diet is almost exclusively compounded of rice. The Chinese in Siam do not cultivate rice to any extent, but specialise in market-gardening, working hard all day and even into the night when the moon, provides the necessary light. Near the gardens, and providing reservoirs of manure for them, are duck and goose farms and piggeries. "It is in swine husbandry that the Chinaman really excels. . . . One individual looks after 'stud' boars only, another specialises in brood sows, a third buys the young pigs and fattens them for market. . . . Their bodies and quarters are kept perfectly clean, the owner frequently washing them down." Are there equally fastidious Chinese swineherds to be found in China?

News and Views.

Two cases of enteric and two deaths (Chinese) were reported from Kowloon during the 24 hours ended June 21.

H.E. the Governor has appointed Dr. Hilmar Florenz Sommers to be a member of the dental board for a further period of three years, with effect from June 18.

H.E. the Governor-in-Council has given directions for the rescission of the order of the May 2, 1929, declaring Shanghai to be a place at which infectious or contagious disease prevailed.

The dance and *al fresco* concert arranged for last night at the Philippine Club, King's Park, on the occasion of "Rizal Day," was cancelled owing to the death of Mrs. V. Atienza, mother of the Club President.

A silver cigarette case bearing the initials "R.E.H." was left behind in public motor-car No. 176 on Saturday. The driver of the car brought the article to the Central Police Station, where it is now awaiting a claimant.

Mr. N. Braga, residing at 11, Knutsford Terrace, Kowloon, met with an accident while riding motor-cycle No. 810 on Saturday afternoon. The machine knocked down a Chinese at the junction of Nathan and Kimberley Roads. The pedestrian received injuries to the head, and was removed to the Kowloon Hospital.

For failing to report the finding of a suitcase containing valuables, two Indian constables were on Saturday fined \$25 each. It was stated that the suitcase belonged to a student and was reported missing to the police a few days ago. The two defendants, on being charged, pleaded guilty. Originally a third constable was also charged but there was no evidence against him and he was accordingly discharged.

The Hon. Mr. W. T. Southern and Mrs. Southern, and Sir Henry and Lady Pollock were among the passengers who returned here yesterday from Manila by the Empress of Russia. The Colonial Secretary has been on a short holiday following a severe attack of influenza.

Mr. John Hubert Bottomley, Engineer, Building Ordinance Office, has been deputed by H.E. the Governor-in-Council to act on behalf of the Building Authority in all cases referred to in Sections 205, 206, 207 and 207A of the Public Health and Buildings Ordinance, 1903, in connection with dangerous buildings.

Gambling Machines in Chicago.

The investigations of a Cook County jury have produced interesting information about the enormously profitable operations of a syndicate of politicians and gamblers which is alleged to have been netting about \$5,000 daily from slot-machines of a gambling type. The investigations arose out of inquiry into the death of Mrs. Selma Burnham, the wealthy widow of the head of the Burnham Machine Vending Company, and an inspection of the company's records gave the authorities an inkling of the vast ramifications of the slot-machine syndicate. Evidence was given to show that in four-and-a-half months at least \$70,000 had been paid by the slot-machine operators to a go-between, who "squared" politicians and police officials. In the bills before the Grand Jury 28 persons are charged with conspiracy, and they include several prominent local politicians and six police captains, one of whom is Mr. Patrick J. Collins, said to be brother to the late Michael Collins.

British Postage Stamps.

Is it not an accepted principle among the more cultured peoples that a nation's postage stamps, like its coinage, should serve artistic as well as utilitarian aims? (says a Home paper). If that is granted, then Britain is hardly well treated by its postal authorities. We have been long accustomed to the poor, drab, postage stamps which, strangely, seem to bring no blush of shame to the cheeks of the Postmaster-General. But when we heard that some special commemorative stamps were to be issued in connection with the present Postal Union Congress in London our drooping spirits rose once more. Eagerly good British citizens rushed to their post offices hoping at last to see some really artistic and worthy stamps. But, oh, the shock! Officialdom has succeeded in producing postal stamps whose only peers are found among the luggage labels which the railway companies affix to our handbags and boxes. It hurts one to think of the strain put upon the good manners and the charity of foreign delegates to the Postal Union Congress. When France, Germany, Canada, and many other countries can produce really beautiful, artistic postage stamps, why must we be contented with stamps which are a disgrace to the artistic soul of a great country?

Looking Back 25 Years.

A Chinaman, the keeper of the "London and New York Restaurant," was charged with having his establishment open during prohibited hours, and with entertaining two Chinese constables whilst on duty. P. Sergeant Sullivan stated that he went to the restaurant at night and saw the two Chinese constables with chop-sticks in their hands; their hats and belts were on the table. As soon as they saw him they jumped on to the verandah and crawled under a table. One of the constables said he had a stomach-ache and was leaning against the stairs of the restaurant. The keeper asked him to come up and have a cup of tea and some pills to cure him. The other constable accompanied him. The case was remanded, defendant being allowed bail in the sum of \$1,000.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, June 24, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

Yow Mah Tee.—The most considerable British village in China, this place seems to be making rapid and extraordinary strides towards growing into a small town. To the east of it there has sprung up a hamlet on the sea beach next to the naval coaling, and to the west, about an equal distance from Yow Mah Tee itself, there is another hamlet on the beach. It requires but the intervening space to be filled up with houses for Yow Mah Tee to be a very large village, or perhaps a small town. Are the dreams of Sir Hercules Robinson as to the future peninsula about to be realised? Those who have not been to Yow Mah Tee for four years, would certainly fail to recognise it now; and it seems that those who may lose sight of it for four years will be unable to identify it when they return.—*Hong Kong Daily Press*, June 24, 1879.

CANTON REVENUES FOR NANKING.

RESULTS OF MR. T. V. SOONG'S SUCCESSFUL VISIT TO THE SOUTH.

CUSTOMS, SALT, OPIUM AND OTHER TAXES TO GO TO CENTRAL GOVERNMENT.

NANKING'S PATERNAL AFFECTION.

Mr. T. V. Soong has left Canton. His visit has been a complete success and he has arranged, according to our Canton correspondent, for the proceeds of the Canton Customs, the salt taxes for the Liang Kwang Provinces, the opium and wine monopolies, the stamp and cigarette taxes, to be handed over direct to Nanking. Other taxes can be put to local uses.

Besides this the Central Bank and the Mint are also to be Nanking's property.

Mr. Soong was given a great send off and he has explained at length the paternal affection with which Nanking regards Canton. Apparently the eight million dollar loan project has been dropped for these quite substantial concessions. A big advance has been made towards unification. Mr. Soong also explained how General Wong Shiu Hung made Kwangsi his own "big feudal estate," and how much happier and safer everyone is going to be in future.

A POPULAR VISITOR!

MR. SOONG AND THE CANTON OFFICIALS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, June 22.

Mr. T. V. Soong left Canton for Amoy on his way back to Nanking last Friday afternoon by the a.s. Taishan. He was given a rousing farewell at the wharf, and among those present were General Chen Tsai Tong, C-in-C. of the Cantonese Forces; Colonel Chen Wei Chow, Head of the Salt Administration of the Two Kwang Provinces; Mr. Yung Kwei Ting, Superintendent of the Canton Customs; Mr. Tao Lu Chien, Commissioner for Foreign Affairs of Kwangtung; and Mr. Chow Ting Pong, Manager of the Canton Power and Light Company. Gen. Chen Tsai Tong boarded the boat and had a long final talk with Mr. Soong.

SUCCESS!

Mr. Soong's mission to Canton has been generally considered a success and a victory for Nanking. His advice has been accepted and the Department of Finance will undergo a reorganisation on July 1 in compliance with his suggestions. Big changes will be effected and expenses will be reduced from \$37,500 to \$46,500.

Another triumph for Mr. Soong was in the question of the relation between revenues for the Central Government and those for the Provincial Government. Heretofore all taxes were turned over to the Provincial Government and nothing definite was assigned to the Central Government, although nominally the Province was supposed to send in so much to Nanking each month. While the matter is still under discussion, it is probably that the revenues derived from the following sources will be sent direct to the Central Government:—The Canton Customs, the Salt Administration of the Liang Kwang Provinces, the Opium and Wine Monopolies, the Stamp Tax, and the Cigarette Tax. Taxes derived from any other sources will be used for the maintenance of local Government.

In addition to the Central Bank of China in Canton, the Canton Mint will also be placed under the direct control of the Central Government, which is another victory for Mr. Soong. Big dollars will soon be in Canton with a view to unifying the finances of the country.

MR. T. V. SOONG EXPLAINS.

REFORMS FOR THE LIANG KWANG PROVINCES.

Interviewed by the Canton News Agency correspondent, Mr. T. V. Soong, Minister of Finance, who is returning to the Capital in a day or two, expressed himself as highly gratified with the arrangements he has arrived at with the local authorities.

"The first problem, the demarcation of National and Provincial revenue and expenditure in accordance with the wishes of the Central Government, has now been completely accepted here in Kwangtung. I am glad to say that the leaders of the province have shown that they can be trusted to do their duty. A strong Central Government there can be no peace in any province."

They have convincingly shown this recently by taking up arms in defence of the Central Government against the Kwangsi clique. In accepting the wishes of the Government in national finance, they have now again expressed their loyalty. The Provincial revenue of Kwangtung is, however, quite large and will suffice to meet current provincial expenditure, besides leaving a tidy sum for reconstruction.

General Chen Tsai Tong Agrees.

"As far as the military expenditure of the province is concerned, I have had several very satisfactory discussions with General Chen Tsai Tong, who has agreed as a first measure to immediately reduce the military expenditure from four and a half millions to three millions, the cut to commence next month. In another month or two a further decrease to two and a half millions will be carried out, and even larger decreases are contemplated, General Chen is a strong advocate of placing the army entirely at the disposal and control of the Central Government."

A Stable Currency.

Questioned as to the future of the Central Bank in Kwangtung, Mr. Soong said that it was the Government's duty to provide the province with a stable currency which no political or military disturbance could shake. "We have evolved plans to bring this about, but it needs the assistance of the Central Government. I am sure that the asked-for assistance will be forthcoming, as far from regarding Kwangtung as a step-child, the Government is willing to render every assistance for its legitimate development."

Referring to Kwangsi Mr. Soong said that far reaching plans could not be contemplated until the Kwangsi Clique was completely eliminated.

The Wickedness of Wong Shui Hung!

"On my arrival at Wuchow," continued Mr. Soong, "I was astounded beyond words to find that skillful propaganda could have blinded the outside world as to the real situation in a province only a few hours away from Canton or Hong Kong. As every one in Wuchow knows, during the last few years Kwangsi had simply become the vast feudal estate of the ex-Governor Wong Shui Hung and two or three of his colleagues. All business of importance was carried on by this small clique. Steam launch companies, motor buses, toll roads, the opium revenue and *likin* stations, cigarette monopoly, mines and the largest banks are owned by these few people, who also had the exclusive right to overdraw from the Provincial Bank of Kwangsi for their private enterprises. The entire economic life of the province was in the hands of these few people and there was a widespread discontent among the legitimate business men. When I was in Hong Kong a week ago, I was told by foreign business men who have extensive interest in that province, that during the war between the Government and the Kwangsi Clique in Hankow, the people of Kwangsi were eagerly hoping for the success of the Central Government. That statement I could not credit until I arrived in Kwangsi myself. There is one possible explanation why people have been blinded so long. "This very morning the Provincial Treasurer, Mr. Fan Chi Wu asked for instructions how to debit the item of \$30,000 monthly for newspaper propaganda in Shanghai, drawn from the Kwangsi coffers by Kwangsi militarists during the last administration."

No great progress is being made by the Nanking troops at present and the Kwangsi troops are strong in defending their present positions. General Yu again detailed his Chief-of-Staff, Liu Kun to take an autographic letter to Li Tsung Jen asking him to advise Pei Chung Hsi and Wong Shui Hung to surrender. But General Li said with a smile that he pays no attention to military and political affairs as he is suffering from eye disease. He referred General Yu to Pei and Wuchow.

BATHING FATALITY.

CHINESE YOUTH DROWNED AT STONECUTTERS'.

SCHOOL PICNIC TRAGEDY.

A swimming picnic arranged for the boarders of St. Joseph's College on Saturday afternoon ended tragically in the death of a Chinese youth at Stonecutters.

According to a report made at the Water Police Station by Brother Joseph, 85 students travelled on the steam launch Kwong Sz. Among those on board was Choi Po Ching, 19 years of age, described as a clerk employed at the N.Y.K. office, and another youth Chan Ping Chau, said to be also an employee of the same office. These young men had apparently been invited by another student and had boarded the launch without authority.

The two men were swimming about when Choi Po Ching disappeared. The other was also in difficulty shortly after, but was rescued by a sampan. The disappearance of his companion was reported later, and a search carried out by soldiers at Stonecutters' and students of the launch party proved fruitless.

Information received from an outside source was to the effect that the two men left the launch to swim ashore, a distance of seventy yards. They got into the water with swimming wings and had proceeded some distance when one of them disappeared. The other, also a poor swimmer, managed to keep afloat until he was picked up.

Police launches also searched for the body, but up to a late hour yesterday it had not been recovered.

Ferry Passenger Drowned.

Another fatality occurred later in the afternoon of Saturday in the harbour. A passenger fell overboard from the Yau-mat ferry launch Man Shun after leaving the Hong Kong side.

The launch was immediately stopped, and another passenger had in the meantime dived overboard in an effort to save the other man. However, he was unsuccessful, as the man, whose identity is unknown, was not seen again.

KWANGSI WAR DRAGS ON.

REPORTS OF FURTHER SURRENDERS.

(Industrial and Commercial Daily Daily.)

The Kwangsi troops under Colonel Lui Woon Im have submitted to the Nanking troops, and other units under Wu Ting Yang are also ready to surrender. There has been much dissatisfaction among the Kwangsi troops recently as their pay is five months in arrears. Colonel Wu got no satisfaction out of General Wong Shui Hung and so sent a certain regimental commander to arrange his submission with General Li Ming Shui. The conditions are that Colonel Wu's property in Liuchow be protected.

General Li Tsung Jen in Hong Kong?

Some weeks ago, Generals Yu Tsok Pak and Li Ming Shui dispatched a delegate to this Colony to interview General Li Tsung Jen, the leader of the Kwangsi troops, asking him to submit. General Li said that it was beyond his power to do so as he has retired and Kwangsi was under the command of Pei Chung Hsi and Wong Shui Hung.

No great progress is being made by the Nanking troops at present and the Kwangsi troops are strong in defending their present positions. General Yu again detailed his Chief-of-Staff, Liu Kun to take an autographic letter to Li Tsung Jen asking him to advise Pei Chung Hsi and Wong Shui Hung to surrender. But General Li said with a smile that he pays no attention to military and political affairs as he is suffering from eye disease. He referred General Yu to Pei and Wuchow.

NEW SINO-BRITISH
TREATY.SIR MILES LAMPSON'S
ERRAND.

COMMERCIAL ISSUES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, June 23.
Dr. C. T. Wang and Sir Miles Lampson held a conference this morning and discussed a Sino-British Commercial Treaty, Wei-hai-wei, and other issues.

They will submit reports to their respective Governments for instructions.

Sir Miles Lampson is leaving on Thursday.
Sir Miles Lampson called on Marshal Chiang Kai Shek yesterday evening, when he handed over a message from Mr. Ramsay MacDonald expressing the hope that friendship between Great Britain and China would be further strengthened.

A Shanghai Report.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, June 23.
Nanking reports are that no agreement was reached on Friday between Dr. C. T. Wang and the British Minister, Sir Miles Lampson over the rendition of Wei-hai-wei to China, as the former refused to take back Wei-hai-wei conditionally. Both Dr. Wang and Sir Miles Lampson proceeded in the evening to Shanghai, where they will resume the negotiations.

KEEPING WATCH ON
RUSSIA.EASTERN PROVINCES'
DECISIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MUKDEN, June 23.
An important conference of the leaders in the Three Eastern Provinces has been sitting since June 13. Among those in attendance are General Chang Hsueh Liang, General Chang Tso Hsiang and General Wan Fu Li, and Chang Ching Hui of Harbin.

It is stated reliably that among the matters discussed were:

Re-organization of the National Army in Manchuria;
Concentration of troops along the boundary between Kirin province and Mongolia;

The attitude towards Russia (in view of the previous unconfirmed report that Soviet Russia, in retaliation for the Harbin raid, had massed troops along the frontier);

The adoption of methods for the taking over of the Chinese Eastern Railway.

It is stated that the conference decided to station four infantry divisions, two cavalry divisions and artillery along the Mongolian border, presumably as a precautionary measure against any possible Russian action.

CHIANG KAI SHEK GOES
NORTH.

CONFLICTING STORIES.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, June 23.
Chiang Kai Shek, with his wife, and the Ministers of Interior and Industry, left this evening for the North. The party crossed the river by gunboat and upon arriving at Pukow, they immediately departed by armoured train.

Chiang Kai Shek is probably going to Shansi and subsequently to Peking.

According to reports this afternoon Feng Yu Hsiang has definitely arrived in Shansi. Yen Hsi Shan telegraphed the National Government, resigning his posts, including membership of the State Council and Central Executive Committee, stating he is desirous of going abroad. It is believed the Government will not accept the resignation.

FENG STILL ON THE
FENCE.

PREPARING FOR WAR?

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, June 23.
Reliable reports received here indicate that, far from thinking of going abroad, Feng Yu Hsiang is very busy in the west of Hunan province, and that he is at present making a heavy concentration of troops at points between Tungkuang and Loyang, namely, at Tungkuang, Shenchow, Hancheng and Sian.

Sun Liang Cheng.

SHANGHAI, June 23.
The Kuo Min news agency state that General Sun Liang Cheng is making overtures to turn over to the National Government.

RELIGIOUS FEUD
ENDED.PEACE RESTORED IN
MEXICO.

PRISONERS RELEASED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MEXICO CITY, June 23.
President Portes Gil announces the settlement of the Roman Catholic religious controversy, which has torn Mexico into bitter factions.

The settlement provides that the hierarchy may appoint priests, who must register in accordance with the constitution. Religious instruction, while constitutionally prohibited in schools, may be carried on in the churches.

Nearly one hundred women prisoners incarcerated in the islands of Lastris and Marias for violations of religious laws will be released. The order does not include Mother Superior Concepcion who is serving a sentence of twenty years as the "intellectual" author of the assassination of General Obregon.

ALSATIAN AUTONOMIST
FREED.

A LONG TRIAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BESANCON, June 23.
Cries of "Vive la France" and "Vive le Jury" alternated with cheers from Alsatians in court, when the jury acquitted Doctor Philippe Roor, the Alsatian autonomist, on a charge of conspiracy against the State after a fortnight's trial.

Roor was sentenced to 15 years, in his absence, at the great autonomist trial at Colmar last year. He surrendered at Strasbourg in November, and was granted a new trial, but, owing to the state of public feeling in Alsace, the case was removed to Besancon on the application of the Government.

MONEY FOR FENG'S
TROOPS.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, June 23.
Feng Yu Hsiang arrived at Yuncheng on Friday afternoon. Hsiung Shih Hui has arrived in Shansi with Central Government funds. \$3,000,000 will be paid to the Kuomintang, as arrears of wages, and \$200,000 to Feng Yu Hsiang for travelling expenses.

BOMBS DISCOVERED IN
HANKOW.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, June 23.
Over eight hundred bombs were discovered by the Wuhan authorities at Hankow and five suspects were arrested. It is learned that these bombs were owned by Hu Chung Tu, the leader of the ex-Wuhan rebels.

GRAVE SINO-RUSSIAN
SITUATION.

(Nan Chung Kuo.)

According to a telegram addressed to the Central Government by Chang Hsueh Liang, the Chinese Consul at Moscow was sealed up by Russian troops on Thursday and two of the staff including Chang Wan Huan, the vice-consul, arrested. Artillery has been brought to the Chinese border, and the situation is very grave.

YEN HSI SHAN'S POST.

(Wah Tsz Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, June 23.
The Central Government has issued a mandate appointing Yen Hsi Shan as Pacification Commissioner of the North-Western Provinces and also supervisor of military rehabilitation.

TROUBLE IN SHANTUNG.

(Nan Chung Kuo.)

Troops under Liu Chen Nien in Cheloo and Sun Tien Ying's forces at Moping are making war preparations. A clash is expected very shortly.

FURTHER SHOCKS IN
NEW ZEALAND.

NO SERIOUS DAMAGE.

COMMUNICATIONS
CUT OFF.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WELLINGTON, June 23.
Further earthquake shocks of varying intensity occurred last night. Westport was shaken by the severest and longest shock since the main disturbances on June 17.

Shocks were also felt at Murchison, Takaka and Wellington, but there was no additional damage.

Communications to Karamea remain cut off, and the town is suffering from an outbreak of diphtheria. A supply of serum was sent by air.

Two mining prospectors are believed to have been overwhelmed by a landslide near Karamea. Motor lorries are distributing water at Westport, where the mains are fractured.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

PROSPECT OF AN
AGREEMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 23.
The Observer's diplomatic correspondent says that negotiations have started through the German Embassy in London and the Norwegian Legation in Moscow, which respectively represent Russian and British interests in questions affecting Britain and Russia, with a view to the restoration and subsequent regularisation of direct relations between the two countries.

DEATH OF POPULAR
NOVELIST.ELLEN THORNECROFT
FOWLER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 23.
The death is announced of the Hon. Ellen Thorneycroft Fowler (Mrs. A. L. Felkin) was the elder daughter of Viscount Wolverhampton. An authoress with a big reputation, her first popular success was "A Double Thread," published in 1899. This was followed by "The Farthings" and other widely-read works. In 1903 she married Mr. A. L. Felkin, M.A., F.R.S.L., and they collaborated in the authorship of several novels.

HENRY FORD'S NARROW
ESCAPE.

EXPLOSION ON A LINER.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, June 23.
Mr. Henry Ford, his son Edsel, and the latter's wife and two children had a narrow escape aboard the Berengaria in the explosion of a bottle of flashlight power belonging to pressmen.

Three men, two women passengers and two photographers were seriously injured and taken to hospital. Mr. Ford was very calm.

INDIAN FLOODS.

SERIOUS DAMAGE TO JUTE
CROPS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

DACCA, June 23.
The jute crops are seriously affected in East Bengal as the result of the floods.

The paddy and jute crops are destroyed in many places, notably around Vikrampur.

Grim details have been received from five of the affected divisions. All standing crops are damaged, and corpses and carcasses are floating down the Amarapur area.

The Deputy Commissioner has forbidden the export of rice from Sonamganj, in Assam.

A TRANSATLANTIC
FLIGHT.

SPANISH AVIATORS' BID.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MADRID, June 23.
Major Franco, Capt. Gallarza, and Capt. Ruisaldez, who are already well-known for long-distance daring flights, have started aboard the flying boat Numancia for New York via the Azores.

A message from Horta states that the Numancia landed at San Miguel.

JAPAN WELCOMES
REDUCTIONS.HOPES FOR FRIENDLY
AGREEMENT.

THE NAVAL QUESTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, June 23.
During the past three days most of the leading vernacular newspapers have published editorial comment on General Dawes's proposals, which are accorded a unanimous welcome.

Whilst no one doubts the sincerity of Japan welcoming the prospect of a further reduction in naval armaments and expenditure, the most significant feature of the Japanese reaction toward General Dawes's proposal is the entire absence of any suggestion that Great Britain and America are planning a rapprochement which might affect Japan adversely.

The absence of any such expression of fear is particularly noteworthy when one recalls the suspicions freely voiced after the abrogation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance until the three-Power conference at Geneva showed how unfounded these suspicions were.

Difficulties Ahead.

Instead of voicing such fears the vernacular newspapers now welcome the prospect of more friendly relations with Britain and America, as they realise that further progress a disarmament is impossible till the two countries have composed their differences.

Whilst emphasising Japan's earnest desire to co-operate in the cause of world peace, however, the papers

THE SHARE MARKET.

IN tomorrow's issue of the DAILY PRESS will appear a special article on the Hong Kong Share Market. The article deals with past and present conditions, and includes an interesting suggestion for dealing with the difficulties now being experienced.

do not attempt to minimise the difficulties in the way of finding a "yardstick" satisfactory to all concerned.

Dawes and Gibson to Confer.

WASHINGTON, June 21.
Mr. Hugh Gibson (U.S. Minister to Belgium) is going to London next week to confer with General Dawes on the question of disarmament.

The immediate object of Mr. Gibson's visit to General Dawes, according to the Herald-Tribune correspondent in Washington, is to bring about the fresh convening of the Preparatory Disarmament Commission. They will also probably attempt to convene a conference of the naval Powers during the present year.

CABINET'S LONG SITTING.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, June 21.
The Cabinet had a prolonged meeting to-day, sitting for three hours in the morning and reassembling this afternoon.

It is understood that much of the time was occupied in considering the preliminary draft of the King's Speech for the opening of Parliament on July 2.

The Speech will indicate the Government policy on current questions and legislation projected in the forthcoming session, but its final draft is not expected to be complete before the end of next week.

POOR CHILDREN IN NEW
YORK.

AN \$200,000 GIFT.

["D.P." Special Service.]

Mr. August Heckscher, a philanthropist who has made a large fortune out of real estate operations and some years ago established the Heckscher Foundation for Children has announced the gift of \$200,000 (200,000) for the benefit of children in the congested areas of New York.

The gift is made to the Heckscher Foundation, whose trustees will administer it, but the funds will be devoted to activities carried on in the Foundation building, but to the establishment of decentralized playgrounds, summer camps, day nurseries, and dental clinics.

LANCASHIRE MILL
TROUBLES.

"A DANGEROUS MOVE."

EMPLOYERS UNDER
FIRE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MANCHESTER, June 21.
"A dangerous move" is the description applied by the Manchester Guardian to the development in Lancashire. It declares that both spinners and manufacturers have given notice to terminate their agreements. The former will fix a date at the beginning of August on which the proposed reductions will come into force.

The manufacturers merely given notice to end the agreement and apply for a reduction.

Earlier News.

LONDON, June 21.
The Manchester Spinning Employers have given the operatives a month's notice of a wages reduction. The weaving employers are expected to follow suit.

FRANCE'S LEVIATHAN.

REPLY TO GERMAN
CHALLENGE.

WHITE STAR ACTIVITIES.

[United Press.]

PARIS.—A new ocean giant to sail under the French tricolor is now being planned as an addition to the passenger fleet of the French Line, which will thus bring France into the running in the maritime race which is developing between Britain and Germany.

While fire recently crippled the new German liner Europa, the Germans are rapidly completing her sister-ship, the Bremen, with which they hope to carry off the speed ribbon of the Atlantic from the Cunard. The Mauretania has held the record for nearly twenty years.

As a reply to the German challenge, the British White Star Line and Cunard companies are reported to be building two vessels which will have a tonnage of about 70,000 apiece and will far outclass the present ocean monsters, Leviathan, Majestic and Berengaria.

Trans-Atlantic Fight.

It is to keep abreast of this growing rivalry and to maintain their hard-won place in the fight for trans-Atlantic traffic that the French are building this new super-ship, which will be greater than the luxury Ile-de-France launched little more than a year ago.

The plans are already far advanced, it is understood, since work has already begun at St. Nazaire on a new dock big enough to berth the latest Leviathan, while the shipbuilding company, Penhoet, in the same port are preparing the yard ready to start building.

According to present reports, the vessel will be nearly nine hundred feet in length, which falls short of the 1,000 feet which it is declared, will characterise the British ships, while the French super-liner will exceed 60,000 tons, thus outstripping any of the existing giants, which ply between New York and the ports of Europe. She will be electrically driven throughout.

A comparison with France's present giant, the Ile-de-France gives a good idea of the stride which the new vessel will represent for French shipbuilders, since the Ile-de-France has a displacement of 42,000 tons and a length of about 750 feet.

The new dock will be more than a thousand feet in length and it will thus be possible to berth any of the world's biggest ships. The dock will be named the "Joubert" in honour of the President of the St. Nazaire Chamber of Commerce.

It was stated on Nelson's behalf that he found himself in the dock more through folly than from any conscious criminal intent. He had been defrauded of £18,000 by a person with whom he had had business transactions. But for that his affairs would not have been involved.

Lord Alness said the fact that the accused had been defrauded was no reason why he should proceed to defraud a great many innocent people.

AN AMBASSADOR
CRITICIZED.WASHINGTON STORM IN A
TEACUP.

"HIGHLY UNUSUAL"

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, June 21.
"Highly unusual" is the official comment on a visit paid by Sir Esme Howard, the British Ambassador, to Senator Borah, which has caused much comment in the Press because it is believed that they discussed naval disarmament and closer British-American relations.

It is customary for the representative of a foreign Government who is desirous to communicate with a member of the Congress on public affairs to arrange such exchanges through the State Department; and Sir Esme Howard's alleged disregard of this rule has, it is reported, displeased White House, especially as Senator Borah is at present persona non grata at White House owing to his bitter opposition in the Senate to President Hoover on the farm relief and tariff issues.

Storm In a Tea Cup.

The storm in a tea cup subsided, however, when Mr. H. L. Stimson, Secretary of State, informed the Press that no question of diplomatic propriety was involved; adding that Sir Esme Howard had called on him (Mr. Stimson) to-day to deny a newspaper report that he had discussed the freedom of the seas with Senator Borah.

The Real Reason.

New York, June 21.
According to the New York Times, Sir Esme Howard and Senator Borah had a talk limited to a friendly discussion of Prohibition, a subject in which both are interested.

NAVAL OFFICERS'
UNIFORM."FULL DRESS" TO BE
OBTAINED.

After being partly in abeyance for 15 years, the wearing of full dress uniform by naval officers is to be re-established, but not for those below the rank of commander. A new order states that it has been decided, with the King's approval, that from July 1, 1930, all officers of commander's rank and above (with certain exceptions) shall be required to provide themselves with full dress uniforms.

The exceptions will include commanders who have more than four years' seniority on July 1, 1930; and non-executive officers of commander's rank who are within five years of retirement on that date; as well as all officers below the rank of commander. For these three classes, full dress will continue to be optional, except at State balls.

The wearing of full dress uniform was suspended during the War. In August, 1919, it was decided that it should be worn only at his Majesty's levees at home, and that on all other occasions of ceremony for which full dress was prescribed in the regulations No. 3 dress (frock coat with epaulettes) was to be worn in lieu.

On April 30, 1923, full dress was ordered to be re-established under conditions similar to those which obtained before the War, that is, it was to be worn on State occasions, when receiving the King, the Queen, or other Crowned Heads, and at ceremonies or entertainments when the senior officer present considered it desirable to do special honour to the occasion. But officers not in possession of full dress have been allowed to wear No. 3 dress, except at State balls, where full dress is obligatory.

It is this concession which, by the new order, will terminate next year.

NEWFOUNDLAND SENSATION.

GOVERNMENT INDIGTED.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

A profound sensation has been caused throughout Newfoundland by charges of fraudulent conversion against the Government, of which Sir Richard Squires is Premier, in the Assembly by an Opposition member, Mr. Puddister. The Premier's supporters in the House were astonished when Sir Richard allowed the remarks to pass without protest.

Mr. Puddister declared that in 1921 the Government took liquor from the Liquor Controller's Department, sold it to a chemist, and used the cash proceeds to pay the election expenses of a by-election.

Telegrams in Brief.

The Olympia, London, is to be transformed by means of a large new building, to be used to house the London section of the British Industries Fair, which will take place simultaneously in London and Birmingham next February.

The Cabinet in Berlin has unanimously adopted a resolution that the Government is prepared to accept Mr. D. Owen Young's Reparations Plan as a basis for a conference of Governments and Experts and as a corollary for a simultaneous, and definite liquidation of unsettled questions arising out of the world war.

The body of General Bramwell Booth, former Chief of the Salvation Army, lay in state at Clapton, London, and thousands of mourners, including many who had come from other countries, filed past. General Higgins, the recently appointed Chief, conducted a special service for officers of the London District. The body will be buried to-day.

Subscriptions for the new Government of India Rupee Loan amounted at the end of the first day to \$31,700,000 rupees.

A barony has been conferred on Lord Justice Sankey (the new Lord Chancellor) who will be known as Baron Sankey of Moreton (Gloucestershire).

Their Majesties are returning to London on July 1 to enable them to attend the Thanksgiving Service at Westminster Abbey on July 7.

Britain's latest and most modern submarine, the Parthian, has been launched at Chatham.

The National Bank of Argentina has decided to earmark \$40,000,000 gold to the United States in addition to the \$10,000,000 it has already decided to ship for deposit, in connection with the recent weakness of the peso.

BAKER SUES CHINESE.

AWARDED £1600 DAMAGES.

In the Supreme Court at Sydney, in civil jurisdiction, before Mr. Justice James, a claim involving \$2,000 was made by Arthur James Wilson Edwards, formerly master baker of June, against Thomas Ah War, a Chinese, of June, skin buyer. The plaintiff claimed that Ah War leased him bakery premises in Eggar-street, June, for five years. During the heavy rains of February the building was flooded out, and the water rose to a height of 3 ft. 6 in. The municipal health inspector inspected the building, and ordered certain work to be done. Part of the work was carried out, but finally the council served closing orders on Ah War and Edwards had to vacate the premises, whereby he lost the benefit of his agreement of his lease and the bakery business, and was forced to procure another business elsewhere.

Plaintiff also sued Ah War for certain slanderous statements alleged to have been made against him to several persons. Plaintiff alleged that in various business transactions at June his credit had been assaulted by defendant because of the action taken by the June Council. On plaintiff's complaint it was alleged that defendant had said he would spend \$1,000 to ruin plaintiff, whose interests had in specific cases been prejudiced by defendant's conduct.

The case lasted three days. The jury found for the plaintiff Edwards on the first and fourth counts of action respecting the breach of covenant, and on fifth, sixth, and seventh counts, with regard to slanderous utterances, while, by the direction of his Honour, a verdict was returned for the defendant, Ah War, on the second and third counts, dealing with trespass. On their first finding the jury awarded Edwards £1 damages, and on the second granted him £1,600.

FACTORY OF MANY
COLOURS.RAINBOW HUES FOR
MACHINERY.

A rainbow factory is in course of erection at Wolverhampton. It will not manufacture rainbows, but will look like one.

The walls of the factory, instead of being white-washed in the usual way, will be of many colours, ranging from a delicate cream to browns and restful dark greens. The machinery, instead of being gleaming black and silver, will be painted in blue, red, white, pink, green, grey and yellow.

Even the pipes for conveying water or for containing electric cables will be painted in art colours.

The workers, too, will not be clothed in the customary factory uniform, but will wear overalls of an artistic combination of varied hues.

A local firm of paint and varnish manufacturers are building the factory as an experiment in the artistic side of factory life.

Money and Markets

HONG KONG MARKET REPORTS.

Yesterday's quotations for rice and other foodstuffs were as follow:

Rice.	
Common White	Per picul. \$7.18-8.04
Broken, Blue Seal	8.48
Granulated	5.41-6.02
L. O. G. Unglutinous.	
Sheng Kuy	7.48
Cargo Rice Bran	2.50
Glutinous, Red Seal	7.57
Glutinous Broken, Red Seal	6.62
Miscellaneous.	
Coarse Granulated Sugar	\$ 6.33-7.30
Selected Bird's White Edible Nest	1,250-3,550
Nutmeg	120.50
Dried Lily Flower, Linchow	55.00
Wax, Yunnan	80.00
White Lotus Seeds	62.00
Dried Yellow Fungus, Taikee	72.00
Soy Bean	6.50
Scarlet Bean	3.50
Fishmaw	300.00
Dried Mushroom, Heung Shun	125.00
White Sesame	16.30

CANTON TRADE NOTES.

The flour market is slack as both foreign and Shanghai flour have arrived in large quantities. Retail and wholesale buying is limited.

The foreign sugar market has improved as supplies are lower. Prices both Hong Kong and Kwangtung are firm and plenty of inquiries are being made.

Many orders have been received from Hong Kong for wolfram recently and the market has been fairly active. Over a thousand bags of wolfram have been sent to Hong Kong lately.

The pomee and gauze industry has been dull this year and prices have fallen by about two dollars per piece. This is chiefly attributed to the competition of artificial lines which have been imported in large quantities and are popular on account of cheaper prices. Another cause is that no goods have been exported to the war area during the inter-Kwang war.

In view of the steadily rising value of the Central Bank of China notes, money changers and merchants are holding the notes. At present, they stand at about eighty-five cents to the dollar and there is every probability of a further rise soon in the value. In Fatsan and Kungmoon, the notes are quoted at nearly ninety per cent. of their nominal value.

The present silk crop is less satisfactory than the last as many silk worms perished in the rainy weather. In addition, the price of silk has been unusually low during the last two months and the silk districts in Nanchai and Shuntak districts have made no profits. In Canton, on Friday last, over a hundred bales of raw silk were sold at low prices.

Since Wuchow fell into the hands of the Nanking forces, the value of the Kwangsi banknotes has fallen so low that they are now practically worthless. Their depreciation has caused merchants in Wuchow considerable loss as all of them held certain amount of these banknotes for ordinary business purposes. This is the chief cause why the normally busy trade done by Wuchow with Canton, Hong Kong and other places is almost at a standstill. No goods except foodstuffs and other daily necessities are being imported and it will take a long time to restore normal business conditions at the treaty ports.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

Ruey, June 23.

Paris	124
Brussels	34.925
Geneva	25.195
Berlin	20.23
Copenhagen	18.205
Vienna	34.50
Helsingfors	193
Lisbon	1081
Bucharest	817
Buenos Aires	47 9/32
Shanghai	5/4 29/32
Yokohama	4.84 27/32
New York	12.061
Amsterdam	62.65
Milan	18.09
Stockholm	18.105
Oslo	18.105
Prague	1631
Madrid	24.235
Athens	376
Bombay	17 7/8 15/16
Hong Kong	1/11 1/2
Silver (spot)	24 1/2
Silver (forward)	24 7/16

SUGAR.

MARKETS WEAK.

Messrs. Penetreat & Co. have kindly forwarded us the following letter dated May 31, from Messrs. Hornby, Hemelryk & Co. of Liverpool:

Since our last report of a fortnight ago, prices have continued to sag in London and more so in New York, and, on balance, London values are about 3d lower. Renewed weakness in Wall Street has not helped the sugar market, and the decline has been accentuated by the further uncovering of stoploss orders.

The new Tariff Bill in America has passed the House of Representatives and has gone forward for ratification by the Senate. Should the Senate pass the bill, prices would, no doubt, be favourably affected. On the other hand, rejection or shelving of the measure would probably cause further weakness.

The latest Cuban production figure to hand is 5,110,000 tons, with eight centrals still grinding.

Continental weather reports are fairly favourable, although, generally speaking, more rains would be welcome again soon. The Java market is reported to be steady and idle. As the Java outturn this year is likely to show an increase over last year, this may shortly influence the attitude of the Trust, who have, so far, disposed of only about 1,000,000 tons.

During the last few days, there has been a decided lack of selling pressure in the London market, and every 3d decline has been contested with more severity than hitherto. As far as London is concerned, the technical position would seem at the moment to be rather oversold.

We cannot yet see where a sustained rise is to come from. Some fresh factor is required, and we are inclined to advise caution. Close London (Raw Beet):—August 7s/8d, 16th inst. 7s/11d, December 8s/0d, 16th inst. 8s/4d, March 8s/3d, 16th inst. 8s/8d, Close London (White):—August 10s/0d, 16th inst. 10s/3d.

Our New York correspondents cable that it is reported that the Senate will probably delay tariff action until the Autumn. Although hot weather is being experienced in the United States, which is stimulating sales, the refined trade is well covered, and some are offering to re-sell. Stocks of Rawa continue heavy.

July 17 1/2, 16th inst. 1.62c.
September 1.51c, 16th inst. 1.89c.
December 1.57c, 16th inst. 1.64c.
January 1.58c, 16th inst. 1.85c.

GOLD MINING.

CANADIAN DEVELOPMENTS.

["D.P." Special Service.]

Montreal, Que.—The directors of the Hollinger Gold Mines, Ltd., are prepared to build a concentrator and resume active operations at the Kamiskistiquia properties of the company, provided a favourable decision is reached by the Ontario government in regard to the extension of the Timiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway through that district, the president, N. A. Timmins stated in his remarks to the shareholders, issued recently with the annual report of the company.

Mr. Timmins said that the matter of the extension had been taken up with the Ontario government and was under consideration. He believed that the building of the railway extension would not only serve a promising new area, but should prove of value as a colonization road.

"Your directors look for a favourable decision," Mr. Timmins stated.

\$1,500,000 MILL EXTENSION.

NEW PLANT NEARING COMPLETION.

["D.P." Special Service.]

Toronto, Ont.—The expansion programme of Hinde and Daube Paper Co., which includes the erection of a new mill of brick and steel construction, five stories high, will be completed by the end of June, according to a progress announcement made public here recently. The extension to the Toronto plant involves an outlay of approximately \$1,500,000, and will include the installation of additional equipment which will give it a daily capacity of 150 tons.

Mr. O. H. Moore, managing director announced that as soon as the building operations in Toronto and Montreal have been finished, it is the intention of the company to build plants at Winnipeg and Vancouver to provide for the rapidly growing business in Western Canada.

INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS.

INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP.

The Forty-eighth Annual Meeting of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales was recently held at the Institute, Moorgate-place, E.C.

Sir Nicholas E. Waterhouse, K.B.E. (the president), said that during the year there had been an increase of 565 in the number of their members, and, if they took into account the results of the last final examination their present total was more than 8,500. During the year no fewer than 834 articled clerks had been registered, as compared with 799 in the previous years, and it looked as if in a very few years their membership would reach the five-figure mark.

With the ever-increasing demand, however, for fully qualified men, not only as assistants in the offices of practising accountants, but also to hold responsible positions in so many branches of commercial and financial activity at home and abroad, he did not share the view that he had sometimes heard expressed lately that their profession was beginning to get overcrowded.

Forthcoming Events.

The 15th autumnal meeting was held in Birmingham last October, and was very successful. Perhaps never before had their proceedings at the annual meetings received such widespread notice in the Press. The International Accountants' Congress, to be held in New York during September, promised to be the largest accountancy convention ever promoted. No fewer than 2,000 accountants were expected to be present, and delegates were invited from all representative bodies in all parts of the world. The institute was most fortunate in having as its delegates Sir William Plender, Sir Woodburn Kirby, Mr. Cash, and Mr. Colville.

Another great event of more significance to themselves than the American Congress, which would take place during his successor's year of office, was the 50th anniversary of the incorporation of their institute by Royal Charter. It was intended that that anniversary should be celebrated in a manner worthy of the occasion, and they must congratulate themselves that Sir William Plender had consented to fill the position of president for the year 1929-30.

With regard to the accounts, the excess of income over expenditure for the year amounted to £7,330, as against £5,350 in the previous year, which might chiefly be attributed to the increase in fees received owing to the general expansion of their membership. Turning to the balance-sheet, it would be seen that their accumulated fund now stood at £138,262, but it must be borne in mind that on the other side of the accounts their investments stood at cost and were still some £12,500 in excess of their market values, as compared with about £13,300 in the previous year.

Proposed Supplemental Charter.

In last year's report reference was made to the proposed supplemental charter, and it was then mentioned that some objections had been raised by certain Dominions, and that it had not yet been found desirable to submit to the Privy Council the petition for the granting of the draft supplemental charter passed by the members of the institute at the general meeting in 1927. The position to-day was very much the same as it had been a year ago, and the council were still in correspondence with the Dominions concerned as to those clauses to which objections had been raised.

As things were at present, it would not be in the interests of the institute to take further steps in obtaining the Royal Assent, and indeed to do so until their overseas friends were quite satisfied as to their intentions might seriously prejudice the position of their members who were practising in those Dominions. He could assure them that the matter was having the most careful attention of the council and that, if ultimately it would appear desirable to make any modifications in the provisions of the supplemental charter, they would immediately be consulted.

During his year of office it had been his privilege and pleasure to visit many of the provincial societies, and he had thus had the opportunity of learning something of their good work and of being brought into touch with very many members of the institute throughout the country. He had also been to the annual meeting of the Paris of the English-speaking accountants on the Continent. The report was adopted.

CANTON RAW SILK MARKET.

REPORT FOR WEEK ENDING JUNE 15.

A reaction set in during the past week resulting in a rise in prices of 2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Reports are to hand that prices in Japan have advanced. At the same time cocoon prices here are said to be firmer, which has induced holders to hold out for better prices.

There is a fair demand from America, but at the old prices.

Quotations:—
\$980 for 14/16 N.S. Crack Chops.
\$880 for 20/22 N.S. Ex Ex A.
\$30 for 13/15 O.S. Best I.

CHILE'S NITRATE AND COPPER.

RECENT PRODUCTION.

Exports of nitrate from Chile during April were 2,812,000 quintals. Nitrate production during January-February was 530,068 tons as compared with 470,419 tons for the same period last year. Exports of nitrate, January-February were 708,718 tons as compared with 599,051 tons for the same period of 1928.

Refined copper production for these same months was 52,953 tons for 1929 and 38,910 for 1928.

SEARCH FOR OIL IN NEW GUINEA.

ANGLO-PERSIAN COMPANY INTERESTED.

Captain R. A. Hanlin, who returned to Sydney by the Montoro recently, has been for 17 months in sole charge of an Australian oil-prospecting company's operations at Marienburg, on the Sepik River, in the mandated territory of New Guinea.

"There is no doubt about oil existing in the district," said Captain Hanlin. "The only problem remaining to us is to find a suitable geological structure to hold a large quantity of oil. The Anglo-Persian Company has already shown its interest. One of their experts and two of their surveyors are already at work, and their final reports will be available in a month's time."

The indications of oil in large quantities, continued Captain Hanlin, are already "so hopeful that already the question of how the Elitape field is to be controlled has been raised. If, he asserted, the directors of the Anglo-Persian Company will give the Commonwealth Government assurances that they will develop the oil-fields, then there will be no possibility of conflict with minor Australian companies. If, however, oil is discovered in large quantities, and the Anglo-Persian Company simply seeks control in order to hold such supplies in reserve, then the Australian companies will have to act as is considered best for the interests of Australians.

INVESTIGATION IN GIPPS LAND URGED.

In a report presented to the Minister for Home Affairs (Mr. Abbott), the geological adviser to the Commonwealth (Dr. Woolnough) expresses the opinion that the question of oil occurrence in Gippsland calls for investigation.

"Private enterprise," says Dr. Woolnough, "assisted by Federal and State Governments, has here a legitimate field for sane and cautious operation, but it cannot be too strongly insisted that, while there is room for reasonable hopefulness as to the ultimate result, deep drilling for oil production is premature. Ill-advised and misdirected blind stabbing is to be deprecated. Scout drilling with a core-making plant, controlled and confirmed by expert paleontological research, is not only the most economical and satisfactory method which can be applied to much of the vast area involved. In parts of the area modern geophysical methods may yield results capable of definite interpretation, but for the rest the core drill and the microscope are strongly advocated."

"Certain enthusiasts have drilled near Lakes Entrance, and they obtained a slight but decided showing of oil and gas from rocks of the tertiary age. Oil, gas, and, unfortunately, water, were uncounted just above the granite bed rock. Two other holes have been sunk under the supervision of the Victorian Mines Department, and in each case water and a little oil were encountered. Such occurrences of oil in small amounts cannot be permitted to stand without complete investigation."

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

JUNE 23, 1929.	
H.K. Banks	\$1.24 1/2
Do. London	\$1.24 1/2
Chartered Bank	\$1.24 1/2
Mercantile Bank, A.B.	\$1.24 1/2
Do.	\$1.24 1/2
P. & O. Bank	\$1.24 1/2
East Asia Bank	\$1.24 1/2
Canton Insurance	\$1.24 1/2
Union Insurance	\$1.24 1/2
North China Ins.	\$1.24 1/2
Yangtze Insurance	\$1.24 1/2
China Underwriters	\$1.24 1/2
China Fire Insurance	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Fire Ins.	\$1.24 1/2
Douglas	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Steamboats	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Tugs	\$1.24 1/2
Indo-China (Fret.)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (Ins.)	\$1.24 1/2
Shanghai Insurance	\$1.24 1/2
Union Waterworks	\$1.24 1/2
Bonguet	\$1.24 1/2
Kailan Mining Admin	\$1.24 1/2
Langkat (combined)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (single)	\$1.24 1/2
Shan. Explorations	\$1.24 1/2
Shanghai Loans	\$1.24 1/2
Bank of China	\$1.24 1/2
Trunk Lines	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. & K. Wharves	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. & W. Docks	\$1.24 1/2
China Provident	\$1.24 1/2
Hongkong	\$1.24 1/2
New Engineering	\$1.24 1/2
Shanghai Docks	\$1.24 1/2
Ewo Cottons	\$1.24 1/2
Shanghai Cotton	\$1.24 1/2
S'at. Cottons (old)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (new)	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. & S. Hotels	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Lands	\$1.24 1/2
Shanghai Lands	\$1.24 1/2
Humphreys Estates	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Realities	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Tramways	\$1.24 1/2
Peak Tram (old)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (new)	\$1.24 1/2
Star Lines	\$1.24 1/2
China Lights, Com. Rights	\$1.24 1/2
Do. Ex Rights	\$1.24 1/2
Do. Rights	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Electric	\$1.24 1/2
Macao Electric	\$1.24 1/2
Sandakan Lights	\$1.24 1/2
Telephones	\$1.24 1/2
China Bond	\$1.24 1/2
Singapore Tractors	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (Fret.)	\$1.24 1/2
China Sugars	\$1.24 1/2
Malayan Sugars	\$1.24 1/2
Canton Tea	\$1.24 1/2
Cementa (combined)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (old)	\$1.24 1/2
Do. (new)	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Paper	\$1.24 1/2
United Assurance	\$1.24 1/2
United Assurance	\$1.24 1/2
Watsons	\$1.24 1/2
Der A. Wings	\$1.24 1/2
Lane Crawford	\$1.24 1/2
Mackintosh	\$1.24 1/2
Sincores	\$1.24 1/2
Wm. Poyles	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Amusement	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Quarries	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. India, G.B. Bonds	\$1.24 1/2
H.K. Govt. Loans	\$1.24 1/2
buy-buyers; sell-sellers; ex-exchange; non-coming.	

COURT MARTIAL.

SPEECHES TO BE MADE TO-MORROW.

All the evidence in connection with the charges of negligence while acting as President of the Regimental Institute preferred against Major G. M. Ogilvy, K.O.S.B., at the Court Martial, which has been sitting in Murray Barracks, has been given, and the concluding speeches of Major Armitage, for the prosecution, and Major Miles, for the defence, will be opened at to-morrow's sitting.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 350 METRES.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.
5.30 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of Chinese music. (Records supplied by Messrs. Tim Shou Tong).
7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.
8 p.m.—Evening programme. (Columbia records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co.).
10.30 p.m.—Close down.

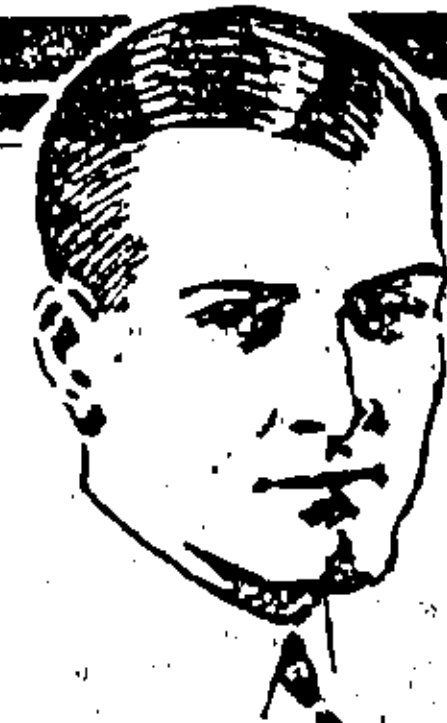
POLICE WIRELESS VAN MANHUNT.

CAPTURE OF A LETTER THIEF.

A case in which a police wireless van was used to track a thief was heard at Bow-street Police Court, when Benjamin Arnold, alias Arthur Searles, aged forty-six, a clerk, of Rushton-street, Hoxton, was sentenced to nine months' hard labour for stealing and attempting to steal letters in course of transmission through the Post Office.

It was stated that a week ago flying squad men in a police wireless van with postal officials were engaged in keeping observation on Arnold's movements. The police received a wireless message from one of the postal officials, and in consequence hurried to Whitcomb-street, Haymarket, where they saw Arnold place some newspaper in a letter-box, with the object, it was assumed, of "trapping" any letters that might be delivered by post.

Arnold, since his arrest for that offence, had been identified as a man who stopped a postman in Gray's Inn-road, and induced him to hand to him a bundle of fifty or sixty letters all addressed to one firm in that road. The door of the premises was closed at the time, and Arnold falsely represented to the postman that he was working there.



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Diocesan Boys' School
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St. Stephen's Staff Quarters

CLUBS

Hongkong Club
Hongkong Cricket Club
Hongkong Jockey Club
U. S. Recreation Club
Royal H.K. Golf Club

HOSPITALS

Victoria Hospital
Matilda Hospital
Alice Memorial Hospital
New Tung Wah Hospital
Nursing Home, Canton

OTHER BUILDINGS

Repulse Bay Hotel
Mantain Lodge
Pallionjee House, Canton
Stubb's Road Garage
Police Station, Sham Shui Po

Oriental Hotel, Canton
Aighburth Hall
South China Morning Post Building
Sisters' Quarters Matilda Hospital
Branksome Towers

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All systems are designed by experts thoroughly acquainted with local conditions and requirements.

SECONDLY.

All work executed by our own staff, thereby eliminating scamped work caused by sub-letting.

THIRDLY.

We do not interest ourselves in so called "cheap" jobs, all systems being designed to reduce maintenance charges to an absolute minimum.

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ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.

AMOI

Haiching, Douglas, June 25.
Sinkiang, B. & S., June 25.
Hosang, Jardine's, June 27.
Ichang, B. & S., June 27.
Haining, Douglas, June 28.
Tjikini, J.C.J.L., June 29.
Anking, B. & S., June 30.
Haining, Douglas, July 2.
Sirdhana, P. & O., July 3.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., July 4.
Kwangtung, B. & S., July 7.
Talamba, B.I., July 10.
Tjimanook, J.C.J.L., July 12.
Tjisanroa, J.C.J.L., July 14.
Namsang, Jardine's, July 18.

ANTWERP

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 28.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Tango Maru, N.Y.K., June 24.
St. Albans, E. & A., July 5.
Chronos, Dodwell's, July 15.
Taiping, B. & S., July 16.
Aki Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

BALIC PORTS

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.

BALTIMORE

Maehoon, B.F., July 8.
City of Mandalay, Bank, July 15.

BANGKOK

Hirundo, Thoreson's, June 30.
Kiangsu, B. & S., June 30.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 3.
Hiram, Thoreson's, July 7.
Kaying, B. & S., July 7.

BEALAWAN DELL

Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 4.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.

BOMBAY

Tattori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Mirapore, P. & O., July 9.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., July 11.
Alipore, P. & O., July 19.

BOSTON

Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
British Prince, Furness, July 4.
Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., July 4.
Maehoon, B.F., July 8.
McMaster Castle, Dwell's, July 10.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
City of Mandalay, Bank, July 15.
Japanese Prince, Furness, July 18.

BREMEN

Main, Melchers, June 24.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.

BRINDISI

Venezia, Dodwell's, June 30.
Nippon, Dodwell's, July 13.

CALCUTTA

Gurna, B.I., June 28.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Santhia, B.I., July 4.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., July 8.
Kumsang, Jardine's, July 9.
Tilawa, B.I., July 24.

CEBU

Michigan, States S.S., July 2.

CHEFOO

Huichow, B. & S., June 25.
Kueichow, B. & S., July 11.

COLOMBO

Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 24.
Tattori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Perim, P. & O., June 29.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.
General Metzing, M.M., July 2.
Venezia, Dodwell's, July 5.
Kashgar, P. & O., July 6.
Mirapore, P. & O., July 9.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., July 11.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.
Nippon, Dodwell's, July 13.
Saarland, J.C.J.L., July 13.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
Andre Lebon, M.M., July 18.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Alipore, P. & O., July 19.
Khiva, P. & O., July 20.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.

COPENHAGEN

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Canton, Gilman's, June 30.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.

DALNY

Liangchow, B. & S., June 30.
Derflinger, Melchers, July 2.
Isar, Melchers, July 13.

DUTCH PORTS

Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 24.
Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Main, Melchers, June 24.
Persia, B.F., June 25.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Canton, Gilman's, June 30.
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.
City of Cambridge, Bank, July 8.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 10.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.
Saarland, J.C.J.L., July 13.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.

HAIKOW

Haiching, Douglas, June 25.
Huichow, B. & S., June 25.
Haining, Douglas, June 28.
Haining, Douglas, July 2.

GENOA

Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
Saarland, J.C.J.L., July 13.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Autolyus, B.F., July 20.
Durban Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.

GLASGOW

Sarpedon, B.F., July 10.
Autolyus, B.F., July 20.

GOTHENBURG

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Canton, Gilman's, June 30.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW

Hanyang, B. & S., June 24.
Canton, M.M., June 25.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 3.
Tonkin, M.M., July 4.

HAMBURG

Main, Melchers, June 24.
Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 24.
Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Persia, B.F., June 25.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Canton, Gilman's, June 30.
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.
City of Cambridge, Bank, July 8.
Saarland, J.C.J.L., July 13.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Idomenus, B.F., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.

HAYE

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.
Autolyus, B.F., July 20.

HONOLULU

Pres. Pierce, Dollar, July 2.
Eclipse, States S.S., July 7.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 10.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

LOLO

Michigan, States S.S., July 2.

JAPAN PORTS

Achilles, B.F., June 24.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., June 24.
Pres. Madison, Dollar, June 29.
Rhinecland, J.C.J.L., June 25.
Timavo, Dodwell's, June 25.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., June 28.
Hosang, Jardine's, June 27.
Nagata, Gilman's, June 28.
Tilawa, B.I., June 28.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., June 30.
Yokohama Maru, N.Y.K., July 1.
Derflinger, Melchers, July 2.
Porthos, B.F., July 3.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, July 2.
Sirdhana, P. & O., July 3.
Adrasius, B.F., July 3.
Khyber, P. & O., July 5.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.
Himalaya, Dodwell's, July 9.
Kutsang, Jardine's, July 9.
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., July 9.
Aldington Court, Jar., July 10.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., July 10.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 10.
Talamba, B.I., July 10.
Taltbyus, B.F., July 11.
Philoctetes, B.F., July 12.
Isar, Melchers, July 13.
Chenonceaux, M.M., July 16.
Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.
Orestes, B.F., July 17.
Namsang, Jardine's, July 18.
Vimniale, Dodwell's, July 18.
Kidderpore, P. & O., July 19.
Malwa, P. & O., July 19.
Taktiwa, B.I., July 19.
Leverkusan, J.C.J.L., July 23.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

KANTO

Kentucky, S.S.S., June 29.

KARAI

Brerhaven, Melchers, July 17.

KANGKON

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.

KASHI

General Metzing, M.M., July 2.

KASHI

Andre Lebon, M.M., July 18.

KASHI

Sarpedon, B.F., July 10.

KASHI

Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.

KASHI

Khiva, P. & O., July 20.

KASHI

Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.

KASHI

Los Angeles, States S.S., July 2.

KASHI

Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.

KASHI

Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.

KASHI

Manila, Mannors, June 24.

KASHI

Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.

KASHI

Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.

KASHI

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., July 10.

KASHI

Michigan, States S.S., July 2.

KASHI

Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., July 9.

KASHI

St. Albans, E. & A., July 5.

KASHI

Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.

KASHI

Maehoon, B.F., July 8.

KASHI

Maehoon, B.F., July 8.

KASHI

Maehoon, B.F., July 8.

KASHI

Maehoon, B.F., July 8.

MARSEILLES

Main, Melchers, June 24.
Persia, B.F., June 25.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Perim, P. & O., June 29.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
General Metzing, M.M., July 2.
Kashgar, P. & O., July 5.
Sarpedon, B.F., July 10.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.
Saarland, J.C.J.L., July 13.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
Andre Lebon, M.M., July 18.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Durban Maru, N.Y.K., July 20.
Khiva, P. & O., July 20.

NAPLES

Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 15.

NEWCHOW

Liangchow, B. & S., June 30.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
British Prince, Furness, July 4.
Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., July 4.
Maehoon, B.F., July 8.
McMaster Castle, Dwell's, July 10.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
City of Mandalay, Bank, July 15.
Japanese Prince, Furness, July 18.

NORTH CHINA

Patroclus, B.F., June 28.
Derflinger, Melchers, July 2.
Tipton, J.C.J.L., July 11.
Isar, Melchers, July 13.

ORAN

Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.

OSLO

Canton, Gilman's, June 30.

PANAMA

Tatsuno Maru, N.Y.K., July 4.
Eclipse, States S.S., July 7.
Anyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.

PEKING

Gurna, B.I., June 28.
Tattori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Kashima Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Perim, P. & O., June 29.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 4.
Santhia, B.I., July 4.
Kashgar, P. & O., July 5.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., July 8.
Maehoon, B.F., July 8.
Kumsang, Jardine's, July 9.
Mirapore, P. & O., July 9.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., July 11.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
Alipore, P. & O., July 19.
Khiva, P. & O., July 20.
Tilawa, B.I., July 24.

PORTLAND

Kentucky, S.S.S., June 29.

RABAU

Brerhaven, Melchers, July 17.

RANGOON

Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.

SAIGON

General Metzing, M.M., July 2.

SANDAKAN

Hosang, Jardine's, June 25.

SANDAKAN

St. Albans, E. & A., July 5.

SANDAKAN

Mausang, Jardine's, July 15.

SANDAKAN

Chronos, Dodwell's, July 15.

SANDAKAN

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.

SANDAKAN

Canton, Gilman's, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Siam, Mannors, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Seaside, States S.S., June 29.

SANDAKAN

Golden Sun, States S.S., July 6.

SANDAKAN

Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 10.

SANDAKAN

Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.

SANDAKAN

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

SANDAKAN

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.

SANDAKAN

Canton, Gilman's, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Siam, Mannors, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Seaside, States S.S., June 29.

SANDAKAN

Golden Sun, States S.S., July 6.

SANDAKAN

Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 10.

SANDAKAN

Pres. Taft, Dollar, July 18.

SANDAKAN

Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

SANDAKAN

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Malaya, Mannors, June 24.

SANDAKAN

Canton, Gilman's, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Siam, Mannors, June 30.

SANDAKAN

Seaside, States S.S., June 29.

SANDAKAN

Golden Sun, States S.S., July 6.

SHANGHAI (Continued)

Aldington Court, Jar., July 10.
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., July 10.
Shinyo Maru, N.Y.K., July 10.
Tipton, J.C.J.L., July 11.
Philoctetes, B.F., July 12.
Tjimanook, J.C.J.L., July 12.
Isar, Melchers, July 13.
Chenonceaux, M.M., July 14.
Orestes, B.F., July 17.
Vimniale, Dodwell's, July 18.
Kidderpore, P. & O., July 19.
Malwa, P. & O., July 19.
Leverkusan, J.C.J.L., July 23.
Pres. McKinley, A.M.L., July 23.
Glenahane, Jardine's, July 24.
Siberia Maru, N.Y.K., July 24.

SINGAPORE

Gleniffer, Jardine's, June 24.
Main, Melchers, June 24.
Persia, B.F., June 25.
Gurna, B.I., June 28.
Tattori Maru, N.Y.K., June 27.
Hosang, Jardine's, June 27.
Perim, P. & O., June 29.
Trier, Melchers, June 29.
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., June 29.
Anking, B. & S., June 30.
Oldenburg, J.C.J.L., June 30.
Pres. Harrison, Dollar, June 30.
Siam, Mannors, June 30.
Kweiyang, B. & S., July 3.
Cremer, J.C.J.L., July 4.
Santhia, B.I., July 4.
Kashgar, P. & O., July 5.
Genoa Maru, N.Y.K., July 8.
Maehoon, B.F., July 8.
Kumsang, Jardine's, July 9.
Mirapore, P. & O., July 9.
Awa Maru, N.Y.K., July 11.
Hakone Maru, N.Y.K., July 13.
Pres. Johnson, Dollar, July 14.
Andre Lebon, M.M., July 18.
Lahn, Melchers, July 17.
Alipore, P. & O., July 19.
Khiva, P. & O., July 20.
Tilawa, B.I., July 24.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Kamakura Maru, N.Y.K., July 9.

SWATOW

Haiching, Douglas, June 25.
Sinkiang, B. & S., June 25.
Chakasang, Jardine's, June 28.
Chenab, B. & S., June 27.
Haining, Douglas, June 28.
Anking, B. & S., June 30.
Hirundo, Thoreson's, June 30.
Kiangsu, B. & S., June 30.
Kweiyang, B. & S., June 30.
Soochow, B. & S., June 30.
Hiyang, Douglas, July 2.
Kwongsang, Jardine's, July 3.
Foshing, Jardine's, July 3.
Hiram, Thoreson's, July 7.
Kaying, B. & S., July 7.
Kwangtung, B. & S., July 7.

TIENTSIN

Chipshing, Jardine's, June 28.
Huichow, B. & S., June 25.
Derflinger, Melchers, July 2.
Kueichow, B. & S., July 11.
Isar, Melchers, July 13.

TRIESTE AND VENICE

Venezia, Dodwell's, June 30.
Nippon, Dodwell's, July 13.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HAIPHONG	"HANTANG"	On 24th June, 8 a.m.
SWATOW, POOCHOW, WEIHAWEI	"HUICHOW"	On 25th June, 11 a.m.
CHIEFOO & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 25th June, 5 p.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 27th June, 10 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"ICHANG"	On 27th June, 5 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"ANKING"	On 30th June, 8 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"SOOCHOW"	On 30th June, 10 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"KIANGSU"	On 30th June, Noon
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"LIANGCHOW"	On 30th June, 3 p.m.
SWATOW, NEWCHOW & DALNY	"KWEIYANG"	On 3rd July, 10 a.m.
HONGKONG, SINGAPORE & BANGKOK	"KWANGTUNG"	On 7th July, 8 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"KAYING"	On 7th July, Noon
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KURICHOW"	On 11th July, 11 a.m.
WEIHAWEI, CHIEFOO & TIENTSIN		

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TAIPING	9th July	16th July
CHANGTE	13th August	20th August
TAIPING	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE	11th October	18th October

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S.S. "CITY OF MANILA"	via Suez Canal	15th July
S.S. "ADRIATIS"	via Suez Canal	5th August

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AND NEW YORK

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G. METZINGER ... 2nd July	PORTHOS ... 2nd July
ANDRE LEBON ... 16th July	CHENONCEAUX ... 16th July
PORTHOS ... 30th July	ATHOS II ... 30th July
CHENONCEAUX ... 13th Aug.	D'ARTAGNAN ... 13th Aug.
ATHOS II ... 27th Aug.	SPHINX ... 27th Aug.
D'ARTAGNAN ... 10th Sept.	ANGERS ... 10th Sept.
SPHINX ... 24th Sept.	G. METZINGER ... 24th Sept.
ANGERS ... 8th Oct.	ANDRE LEBON ... 8th Oct.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JUNE 23, 1929.													JUNE 23, 1929.												
STATION	HOUR Knots Squalls This	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND		WIND (Force)	WIND (Direction)	HOUR Knots Squalls This	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND		WIND (Force)	WIND (Direction)							
		Inches	Milms.			Inches	Milms.				Inches	Milms.													
Wladivostok	12	29.79	756.7	62	...	WSW	2	0	6	30.00	762.0	55	...	...	...	...	0	0							
Nemuro	11	29.65	753.0	...	...	SE	1	1	5	29.94	760.5	...	...	ENE	...	...	1	0							
Hokodate	"	29.63	752.3	...	...	8	...	...	"	29.86	758.5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...							
Tokio	"	29.65	753.0	...	...	SE	1	1	"	29.84	758.0	...	...	NW	...	...	1	0							
Kochi	"	29.70	754.3	...	...	...	...	0	"	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Nagasaki	"	29.74	755.5	...	...	SSW	...	...	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	0	1							
Kagoshima	"	29.74	755.5	...	...	ESE	1	1	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Oshima	"	29.72	756.0	...	...	NE	1	1	"	29.73	755.0	...	...	SSE	...	...	2	1							
Naha	"	29.74	755.5	...	...	NW	1	1	"	29.69	754.0	...	...	S	...	...	1	...							
Ishigakijima	"	29.74	755.5	...	...	S	1	1	"	29.69	754.0	...	...	W	...	...	1	...							
Bonin Island	"	29.78	756.5	...	...	SW	1	1	"	29.62	757.5	...	...	SW	...	...	1	...							
Cheloo	15	29.64	752.8	78	65	...	2	b	6	29.74	755.4	69	80	...	...	b	b	b							
Shanghai	14	29.66	753.3	82	60	NNW	2	...	"	29.68	753.9	70	100	EEE	...	...	2	...							
Gutzlaff	"	29.70	754.4	72	92	SSE	4	0	"	29.77	756.1	70	95	RSE	...	...	1	0							
Sharp Peak	"	29.52	749.8	71	85	S	1	0	"	29.52	749.8	80	87	S	...	...	...	...							
Amoy	"	29.69	754.1	80	87	SW	2	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Swatow	"	29.73	755.1	76	100	NW	1	or	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Taiheku	11	29.75	755.7	77	89	WSW	2	...	5	29.68	753.9	72	89	SE	...	...	2	...							
Taihu	"	29.81	757.2	73	...	NE	2	r	"	29.76	756.0	73	...	SE	...	...	2	...							
Taiwan	"	29.76	756.0	86	...	SE	2	r	"	29.73	755.7	73	...	SE	...	...	2	...							
Koshun	"	29.70	756.0	86	...	WNW	2	r	"	29.73	755.7	73	...	NW	...	...	2	...							
Pescadores	"	29.74	755.4	84	...	SSE	4	r	"	29.73	755.1	79	...	S	...	...	4	...							
Hong Kong	14	29.70	754.4	82	86	SW	4	or	6	29.69	754.1	81	87	SW	...	...	4	...							
Gap Rock	"	29.71	754.6	83	...	SW	5	...	"	29.69	754.1	...	...	SW	...	...	5	...							
Macao	"	29.66	753.3	84	85	SW	4	0	"	29.65	753.0	79	95	WSW	...	...	4	...							
Hoihow	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Pratas Island	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.74	755.4	82	87	WSW	...	...	3	...							
Phulien	15	29.60	751.8	86	81	SSE	4	0	7	29.62	752.2	79	...	SSW	...	...	4	...							
Tourane	"	29.65	753.0	90	...	ESE	4	b	"	29.79	756.6	79	...	WSW	...	...	4	...							
Cape St. James	"	29.78	756.3	86	...	S	2	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Bacao	14	29.73	756.1	86	71	WSW	4	0	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Appari	"	29.72	754.8	90	66	NNE	4	0	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Tuguegarao	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Vigan	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Manila	"	29.74	755.4	90	63	SW	4	0	"	29.79	756.6	79	91	E	...	...	1	...							
Legaspi	"	29.73	755.1	93	59	ENE	2	b	"	29.78	756.3	77	92	E	...	...	0	...							
Calbayog	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.80	756.9	75	98	N	...	...	1	...							
Tacloban	"	29.78	756.3	86	75	...	...	...	"	29.81	757.2	79	89	N	...	...	0	...							
Iloilo	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.78	756.3	79	85	NW	...	...	2	...							
Cebu	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.78	756.3	79	85	NW	...	...	0	...							
Surigao	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	29.79	756.6	75	92	...	...	...	...	...							
Saipan	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Guam	12.22	29.79	756.6	...	...	N	2	0	4.22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...							
Yap	11.00	29.61	757.2	...	...	SE	1	0	5	29.81	757.2	...	...	WNW	...	...	...	...							
Pelew	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Ponape	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Labuan	14	29.82	757.4	88	84	SW	2	b	6	29.86	758.4	78	92	...	...	...	0	...							

June 23d. 10h. 50m.—Pressure is now highest over S. Manchuria, and relatively low over China generally.
Hong Kong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.63 inch. Total since January 1, 12.89 inches; against an average of 35.18 inches.

FORECAST FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT NOON ON THE 24th.

- 1.—Formosa Channel
- 2.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Lamook
- 3.—Hong Kong to Gap Rock
- 4.—South coast of China between Hong Kong and Hainan

C. W. JEFFRIES, Director.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, June 23.

	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.66	29.69	29.63
Temperature	83	82	84
Humidity	84	88	80
Wind	...	...	...
Direction	SSE	SSW	SW
Force	2	OP	4
Weather	OP	ORQ	Q
Rain	0.29	0.0	0.34
Highest open-air Temperature	22.84	...	...
Lowest open-air Temperature	23.80	...	...

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning; M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing showers; Q=Squalls; R=Rain; T=Thunder.

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HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From June 24 to 30, 1929.

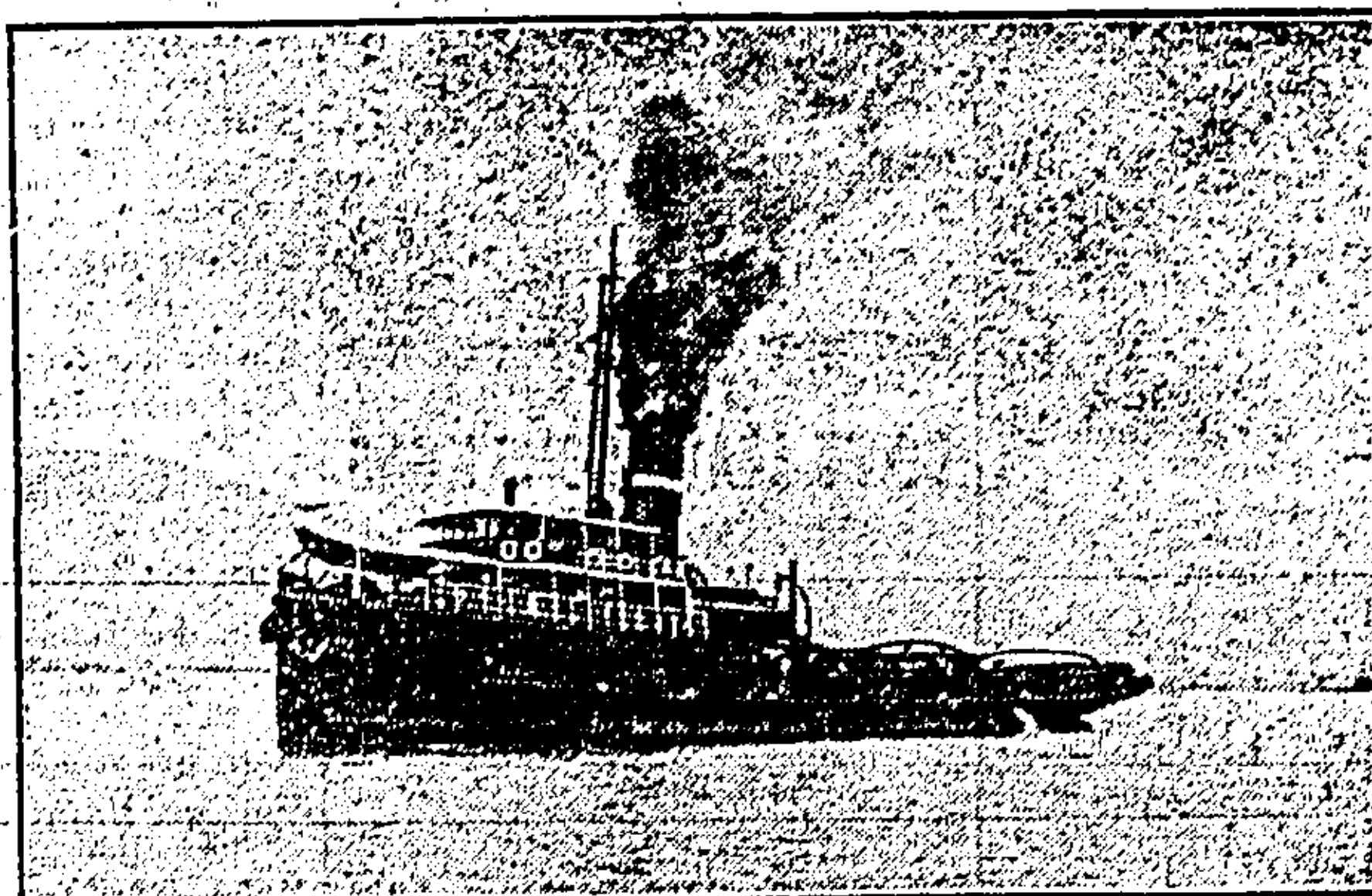
Days of Week	Date of Month	High Water		Low Water	
		Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Mon.	24	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Tues.	25	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Wed.	26	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Thur.	27	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Fri.	28	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Sat.	29	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Sun.	30	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS

To	STEAMSHIP	DATE
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"CHAKSANG" "KWANGSANG" "FOOSHING"	Wed. 26th June, at 10 a.m. Sun. 30th June, at 10 a.m. Wed. 3rd July, at 10 a.m. Sun. 7th July, at 10 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, SHAL MOJI & KOBE	"HOSANG"	Thurs. 27th June, at 11 a.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	"KUTSANG" "NANGSANG" "YUENSANG"	Tues. 8th July, at 7 a.m. Thurs. 18th July, at 10 a.m. Sun. 28th July, at 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	"KUMSANG"	Tues. 9th July, at 3 p.m.
SANDAKAN	"HINSANG" "MAUSANG"	Fri. 26th June, at 3 a.m. Wed. 10th July, at 3 p.m.
TIENTSIN	"CHIPSING"	Wed. 26th June, at Noon
CANTON	"KWONGSANG"	Wed. 26th June, at 5 p.m.

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Steamship "GLENSHANE"	...	24th July
Motor Vessel "GLENAGLE"	...	7th August
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"	...	4th Sept.

To SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Steamship "ALDINGTON COURT"	...	10th July
Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY"	...	24th July
Motor Vessel "GLENAGLE"	...	2nd August
Motor Vessel "GLENAPP"	...	16th August
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Express Freight S.S. "Lahn"	...	departure 17th July
Pass. S.S. "DERFFLINGER"	...	departure 27th July
Express Freight S.S. "Isar"	...	departure 14th Aug.
Pass. S.S. "SAARBRUECKEN"	...	departure 24th Aug.
Freight S.S. "Augsburg"	...	departure 24th Aug.
Freight S.S. "Alder"	...	departure 11th Sept.

Passenger steamers sailing via Manila and Porto to Genoa, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen.
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